RT, PORTER & CO.'S
LL DOG BOTTLING
OF
BASS'S ALE
AND
GUINNESS' STOUT
CAN BE HAD AT
All Wine Merchants, Bars, Restaurants, and Hotels.

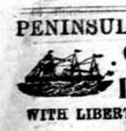
The Bombay Gazette.

No. 52,832—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, APRIL 4, 1903. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

Milkmaid
LARGEST SALE OF ANY BRAND
in the WORLD.
Milk

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.



DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

SATURDAY 2 P.M.

Vessels,	Tons.	Captains.	1903.
M.L. ARABIA	7993	T. Leitch	4th April.
* PENINSULAR	231	A. G. Cubitt	11th "
L. BRITANNIA	6525	F. H. Seymour	18th "
MASSILIA	5011	G. W. Cookman	25th "
PERSIA	7951	W. A. Wheler	2nd May
PENINSULAR	570	A. G. Cubitt	9th "
M.L. CALEDONIA	7358	E. H. Gordon	16th "
* INDIA	7911	F. W. Vibert	23rd "
M.L. PENINSULAR	5234	A. G. Cubitt	30th "

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London, passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipthere for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11-30 A.M. and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passenger cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 10th March, 1903.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected. SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.

LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH
THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.
DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	C. Sellen	4,194	1st May, 1903.
IMPERATOR	P. Irelliech	4,119	1st June 1903.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600,	Rs. 325,	Rs. 150

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
MAR. RADOVICH	T. Rasovich	4,119	18th April 1903
b FRANZ FERDINAND	A. Martinolich	5,043	17th May 1903
b SILESIA		5,159	15th June 1903

b Will call at Fiume.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class Rs. 900, 2nd Class Rs. 488, Saloon Rs. 609.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN, VIA COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI AND YOKOHAMA.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
INDOBONA	B. Cabol	4351	30th April, 1903

For further particulars, regarding Passages apply to
E. SCARPA, Agent.
Sassoon House, 32, Church Gate Street

Bombay, 1st April, 1903.

COMPAGNIE DES MARITIMES

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED, Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on FRIDAY, the 10th April, at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on TUESDAY, the 7th April, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie and Kurrachee in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting.)

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "HENZADA," 2,078 tons, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th April, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingy, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah and Bussrah, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on THURSDAY, 9th April at 10 a.m.

FOR ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA AND ADEN.

S. S. "PUTIALA," 2,998 tons, on or about MONDAY, 13th April.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA

S. S. "BOOLDANA," 2,860 tons, on or about FRIDAY, 10th April.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 3rd April, 1903.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged, and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, Free of Charge for Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

Every Assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on Application.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON

THOS. COOK AND SON,
BANKERS, PASSENGER AND FORWARDING AGENTS.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES AT REDUCED RATES,

FOR long PERIOD RETURN TICKETS by P. and O. and other Lines.

PASSAGES engaged by all Liners and Non Liners FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION. Special attention to the selection of berths and grouping of passengers.
SPECIAL REDUCTIONS to Families, Missionaries and Railway Officials to London; also to Government Officials via China and America to Europe.
THROUGH TICKETS issued from any Railway station in India to all parts of the World.
COOK'S INTERPRETERS meet and assist passengers at London, Marseilles, Genoa, and all Chief Towns of the world.
OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.
PASSENGERS' BAGGAGE received, forwarded or insured against theft and all risks.
PACKAGES of every description stored, and shipped as cargo to all parts of the world at lowest rates; ESTIMATES on application.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and amounts placed on DEPOSIT for FIXED PERIODS.
STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold.
DRAFTS, CIRCULAR NOTES, & LETTERS OF CREDIT issued and REMITTANCES made.

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON, COLOMBO

R. SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.
VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS,
GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD.
Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first [illegible] FARRIER.

[illegible] broken to Single (Rs. 15), [illegible]), and Saddle (Rs. 15), [illegible]rness or Saddle (Rs. 25), Troublesome horses

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

HOTEL WINDSOR,
VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.
SPECIAL NOTICE.

ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Baths.

INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.

J. R. CLEAVE,
Proprietor.

ARE YOU A CONNOISSEUR IN TEA

A DAILY TREAT !!
BRITANNIA BRAND TEAS.
THE ONLY GOLD MEDAL AWARDED IN POONA EXHIBITION.

Tea in Perfection from the Tea Plants to the Tea Cup in its Native Purity. Exquisite Flavour. Delicate Aroma. Youngest Growths. Choicest of Tea at the lowest possible cost and saving all middlemen's profits.

Important to Mofussil; Free Delivery on their Station.
Prices from Re. 1-12 to As. 11 Per Packet.

J. E. MODY,
TEA AND COFFEE MART,
HORNBY ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Established 1874.

FUNDS EXCEED TWO CRORES
INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

ALL INTENDING ASSURERS should apply for the Rates and conditoins of the

ORIENTAL

which are the lowest with safety, being based upon the Company's actual experience since its formation.

LOANS ON THE COMPANY'S POLICIES
LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUES.
Immediate payment of Claims on proof of oath and title.

ENDOWMENTS AND ANNUITIES ON SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE TERMS.

Full Particulars and Forms may be obtained on application at the Company's Office.
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting [illegible]

OUR SPECIALITIES FOR THE LAST 35 YEARS.

HAMS, BACON AND CHEESE,
AS SUPPLIED TO
GOVERNMENT HOUSES
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, SIMLA AND MADRAS.

HAMS

Finest Home-cured Pale Cumberland

	Rs. a.
From 7 to 24 lbs. each, in Canvas	
(Original weights) ..... per lb	1 2
Half Ham, Raw ..... "	1 4
Whole or half Ham, cooked ..... "	2 0
Cooked, cut in slices ..... "	2 8

BACON

FINEST WILTSHIRE MIDDLE, HARBIS'S CROWN BRAND ..... per lb.	
Special cure, in Canvas 20-30 lbs. each "	1 2
Do do in cut ..... "	1 2
Do Belly, in Canvas from 12 lbs. each .. "	1 0
Do do in cut " .. "	1 1
CUMBERLAND in Canvas from 10 lbs. each	1 0
Do do in cut ..	1 1

CHEESE

Stilton English Prize Dairy

	Rs. a.
(NOW IN SEASON)	
(Original Weights) from 12 lbs. each, per lb.	1 0
Do do in cut ..... "	1 8
AMERICAN ..... "	0 12
CAMEMBERT, real, in Glass Jars each	1 4
CHEDDAR, pale loaf (about 12 lbs. each) "	0 14
CHESHIRE ENGLISH ..... "	1 0
EDAM, DUTCH, whole Cheese ..... "	0 12
GLOSTER DOUBLE ..... "	0 14
GRUYERE, finest quality ..... "	1 0

FRESH POMPHRET, SALMON, PRAWNS, Etc., Etc., packed in Ice and forwarded to any Railway Station in India.

W. B. GREEN & CO.,
APOLLO BUNDER RESTAURANT,
BOMBAY.

NEMESIS'
THE MAGIC CURE for Malaria, Influenza, Intermittent, Remittent and Plague Fevers. A trial is solicited. Per Bottle, Re. 1.

F. S. MADON & Co., 170, Shaikh Memon St. Bombay. AGUE SPECIFIC.

THE ITALIAN STORES,
C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.,
105, MEDOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

STEVEDORES AND PURVEYORS TO THE NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO AND RUBATTINO, BOMBAY; AND TO THE ITALIAN ROYAL MARINE, RUSSIAN AND ARGENTINE MEN-O'WAR.

GRUYERE, PARMESAN and GORGONZOLA Cheeses.
FINEST LUCCA OIL; Pure Italian Wine Vinegar.
ASPARAGUS, (French Italian and German).
MILAN SAUSAGES in Skin (Italian).
ANCHOVIES SALTED (loose); and in oil in Bottles.
FRANKFORT SAUSAGES, Plain, and with Sauerkrout.
TUNNY FISH IN OIL (French and Italian).
CAVIARE.
SARDINES. Royans Victoria. " a la Tomate. Plain in finest Lucca oil.
BLACK OLIVES (loose) in oil.
GREEN OLIVES (French) in Bottles.
FRENCH and ITALIAN PREPARED MUSTARD assorted in Bottles.

MASTIC de CHIO 2-8 Bot. Vermouth (Italian and French) Chianti, Barbera, Capri, Lacrima, Christi and Marsala. Cherry and Blackberry Brandy. Asti Spumanti and Duc de Marsat (champagne.)

Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Soup Paste, Lentilles, Beans, Gram (Milanese), Rice (Carolina), Walnuts, Hazelnuts, Almonds, Italian Lemons, Malaga Raisins and Figs (Naples.)

Attention is drawn to our celebrated GRIGNOLINO CLARET as a speciality and a thoroughly genuine article, only Rs. 10 per doz. Bots.

THE TWO BEST
INDIAN CIGARS
IN ASIA
ARE
BOUQUETS
AND
LIGHT OF ASIA
CIGARS.

CARRIAGE CLOCKS.
ALL WITH LEVER ESCAPEMENT AND ADJUSTED COMPENSATION BALANCE WHEEL, WINDING ONCE A WEEK.

In Ormolu Gilt Cases and outer Leather Travelling Cases.

TIMEPIECES,
From Rs. 35 to Rs. 85.

ALARUMS,
On Gong or Bell, Rs. 45 to Rs. 75.

CLOCKS,
Striking Hours and Half Hours, Rs. 95 to Rs. 140.

REPEATERS,
Striking Hours when Interrogated, Rs. 130 to Rs. 275.

QUARTER REPEATERS,
Striking Hours and all Quarters when interrogated, from Rs. 195 to Rs. 350.

CALENDAR WITH REPEATER.
And some additionally supplied with Alarum, from Rs. 250 to Rs. 385.

REPEATER WITH ALARUM.
In various sizes, from Rs. 180 to Rs. 390.

MIGNON REPEATERS.
With Enamelled or Gilt Dials, smallest size, Rs. 120 to Rs. 280.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
WATCH AND CLOCKMAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
[ESTABLISHED 1862.]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

NORWICH & LONDON ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.
(ESTABLISHED 1856).

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
(ESTABLISHED 1797).

THE PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LD.
(ESTABLISHED 1782).

THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO.
now merged in the ROYAL INSURANCE, CO.
(ESTABLISHED 1850).

As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, ACCIDENT, and FIRE RISKS.

Terms on application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

EASTER 1903.
MONGINI BROTHERS
MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS AND CATERERS.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED
FROM
ITALY
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FINEST CHOCOLATE.
EASTER EGGS.
THE SAME CAN NOW BE HAD
IN
FANCY BASKETS, SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION.
[illegible] INVITED.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

LAST NIGHT!!

LAST MATINEE TO-DAY AT 5 P.M. !!

AND

TO-NIGHT

AT 9-30 P.M.

THE ORIGINAL AMERICAN

BIOGRAPH

With the whole of the

DELHI DURBAR

CEREMONIES.

Pronounced by Press and Public to be

THE FINEST SERIES OF PICTURES YET EXHIBITED.

Prices of admission: Rs. 3, 2, 1 and Annas 8. CHILDREN HALF PRICE TO THE MATINEE.

PLAN at SOUNDY & Co.

LAST NIGHT!!

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED on MONDAY, the 6th instant, and on THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY and MONDAY, the 9th, 10th, 11th and 13th idem, those days being PUBLIC HOLIDAYS under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

THE GIANT PHONOGRAPH.

JUST RECEIVED

A NEW NOVELTY AND NEVER BEFORE RECEIVED IN INDIA.

THIS Machine of this Phonograph is double of the Concert Phonograph, and the Cylinder is also double the size of the Concert Cylinder and suitable for Indian RAG AND RAGINI.

SHERIAR ASPANDIAR,

KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. MERWANJEE PESTONJEE COOPER alias ENGINEER and JEWANBAI AWABAI of Bombay Parsis, the transferees in succession of the first mortgagee under his mortgage dated the 26th November, 1877, have constructed TO SELL the undermentioned property comprised in the said mortgage to one of our Clients. Any person having any claim in to or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, possession, inheritance, lease, lien, assessment or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us, at our office No. 79 Medows Street, Fort, and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Foras land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the South side of 1st Mozawar Pakmody Lane, Mazagon, outside the Fort of Bombay in the registration District and sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2500 square Yards or thereabouts, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under C.S. No. 318, New No. 1519, old Survey No. 831 and New Survey No. 2276 and in the Books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under K Ward No. 632 and Street No. 5, and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East and West by the property of the Purchaser, on or towards the North by the Mozawar Pakmody 1st Lane aforesaid and on or towards the South by the property of the Bombay Port Trust and which said premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendors—Dated this 3rd day of April 1903.

JEHANGIR AND SEERVAI,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

A FORTUNE.

In the event of a stroke of good fortune you can win 500,000 Marks.	The payment of the prizes is guaranteed by Government. First drawing: June 11th.

GERMAN GREAT MONEY LOTTERY

of the State of Hamburg.

You are invited to participate in the

CHANCES OF WINNING

In the grand drawings of prizes guaranteed by the State of Hamburg in which

11 Millions 203,000 Marks

SURELY HAVE TO BE WON.

In the course of these advantageous drawings which contain according to the prospectus only 115,000 tickets, the following prizes will be forthcoming, viz:

The highest will be event.

500,000 Marks (about £25,000)

Premium of 300,000 Marks (about £15,000).

Number of prizes:		Number of prizes:	
1 of 200,000 M about	£10,000	16 of 10,000 M about	£ 800
1 of 100,000 M "	5,000	56 of 5,000 M "	150
1 of 75,000 M "	3,750	102 of 3,000 M "	150
2 of 70,000 M "	3,500	155 of 2,000 M "	160
1 of 65,000 M "	3,250	4 of 1,500 M "	75
1 of 60,000 M "	3,000	612 of 1,000 M "	53
1 of 55,000 M "	2,750	1070 of 300 M "	15
2 of 50,000 M "	2,500	20 of 250 M "	1210/-
1 of 40,000 M "	2,000	77 of 200 M "	10
1 of 30,000 M "	1,500	36053 of 169 M "	$ 9 -
1 of 20,000 M "	1,000	9 81 of 150, 148, 115, 100 M.	
		10882 of 78, 45, 21 Mark.	

in all 59,010 prizes which must be surely won in 7 drawings within the space of a few months.

The highest prize of 1st drawings amounts to Mk. 50,000 increase in 2d. drawing to Mk. 55,000, in 3d. Mk. 60,000, in 4th. Mk. 65,000, in 5th. Mk. 70,000, in 6 th. Mk. 75,000, in 7th. Mk. 2,0,000 and together with the Premium of Mk. 300,000 in the most fortunate case to Mk.

The official cost for participation in the first two drawings amounts to £—18-d. for a full ticket
" —9 " —, for half a ticket
" —4 " 6 " for one quarter of a ticket.

Half resp. quarter tickets will entitle to one half resp. one quarter of the amount won by the respective number, named on the ticket.

The stakes for participation in the following drawings as well as the exact price-table, are indicated in the official prospectus, which I send on demand gratis in advance. The prospectus is also send gratis with every order. After the drawing I shall forward to every ticket-holder the official list of the winning-numbers.

THE PAYMENT AND FORWARDING OF THE AMOUNTS WON

to those concerned will have my special and prompt attention, and with the MOST ABSOLUTE SECRECY.

REMITTANCE OF MONEY can be made by BANK-NOTES by registered letter or by Post-Office-Order.

On account of the approaching drawing of the prizes, please address the orders immediately in all confidence direct to

SAMUEL HECKSCHER SENR,

Banker at HAMBURG, Germany.

NOW READY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"

OVERLAND SUMMARY,

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) .....Rs. 12
Ditto (including postage to Europe), Rs. 15
Single Copy .....As. 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, 18, Esplanade Road.

RE MOHAMED HAJI HABIB & CO.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons CLAIMING against or being indebted to the above Firm are required to send in their claims or to pay the amounts owing by them as the case may be, to Mr. CASSUM HABIB at Cutlery Bazaar, one of the Trustees who are appointed [illegible] dated 28th July, 1902 within one

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. MERWANJEE PESTONJEE COOPER alias ENGINEER and JEWANBAI AWABAI of Bombay Parsis, the transferees in succession of the first mortgagee under his mortgage dated the 26th November, 1877, have constructed TO SELL the undermentioned property comprised in the said mortgage to one of our Clients. Any person having any claim in to or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, possession, inheritance, lease, lien, assessment or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us, at our office No. 79 Medows Street, Fort, and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Foras land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate lying and being at Grant Road without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 514 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under C.S. No. 345, 562 New No. 14697, 14699 Old Survey No. 4 and 4 and New Survey Nos. 1-5696, 2-5597 and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the East partly by the property of Haji Jan Mahomed Haji Ismail, partly by the property of Abbasee Motiwala, partly by the property of Dhunjibhoy Jamsedji and partly by the property of Purshotom Morarji on or towards the West by a private passage and beyond it by the property of Khoja Haji Ladmek Mukhi, on or towards the South by a sweeper's passage and beyond it by the property of Khoja Haji Ladmek Mukhi and on or towards the North by the said Grand Road which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under Ward No. 2389, 2370 and Street No. 236 and 1 and were formerly in the occupation of the tenants of Bhavan Ramji and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendor.—Dated this 2nd day of April 1903.

PESTANJEE RUSTIM & KOLA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MESSRS. HAJEE EBRAHIM BROS. beg to inform their numerous Customers that from the 1st of April, 1903, their Establishment will be REMOVED to No. 1, Sitaram Building, next to Crawford Market.

The BOOT and SHOE DEPARTMENT will REMAIN in their Old Premises, No. 1, Upper Storey, Crawford Market.

NOTICE

THE PALATINE INSURANCE COMPANY,

WE have been APPOINTED SOLE AGENTS of the above Company and are prepared to accept INSURANCES against FIRE at advantageous Rates.

BRADBURY BRADY & COMPANY,

43-45, Apollo Street, Bombay, 25th March, 1903.

NOTICE.

MAX MINCK & CO., LAHORE.

WATCH MANUFACTURERS AND JEWELLERS, DIAMOND MERCHANTS.

ESTABLISHED 1875.

Intend forming their business into a Company, Limited, 6 per cent. on paid up Shares guaranteed.

Apply for Prospectus, The SECRETARY to the Proposed MAX MINCK & Co., Ltd., Lahore.

Lahore, 15th March, 1903.

NOTICE.

MISS JOHNSON (late of Mrs. POMEROY'S, 29, Old Bond Street) and Miss DUPUIS has OPENED BUSINESS for Face Massage, Electrolysis, at 41, Watson's Annexe, Bombay. Hours 7-30 A.M. to 12-30 P.M. and 3-30 to 5-30 P.M. THURSDAYS till 12-30 P.M. Terms—Single Treatment, Rs. 7. Course of six, Rs. 35. Preparations sent to all parts of India. Advice and Consultation Free. Book sent on application.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY,

COMPRISING THE

G. I. P. AND THE INDIAN MIDLAND RAILWAY SYSTEMS.

TENDERS FOR THE PURCHASE OF SECOND-HAND MATERIAL AND UNSERVICEABLE STORES, RAILS, CAST AND WROUGHT IRON, BRASS AND STEEL SCRAP, AXLES AND TYRES, WASTE PAPER, CASKS, &c.

THE AGENT is prepared to receive TENDERS at his Office, Victoria Terminus, up to 1 P.M. (Gun fire), on WEDNESDAY, the 8th April, 1903, for the PURCHASE of above, which can be seen on application to the Chowkey's Wheelers [illegible] Assistant Store-keeper at Jhansi [illegible] Wadi Bunder, and [illegible]

TENDERS.—These must be made on the Co[illegible] printed forms, which can be had on appli[illegible] Stores at his office.

EARNEST.—The sum of Rs. [illegible] guarantee of [illegible] as which

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerk, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this column.

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion, One Rupee, Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

FISH KNIVES.—FISH KNIVES and FORKS. Electroplated Nickel Silver Blades and Forks with Xylonite Handles. Six pairs in case Rs. 23, twelve pairs in case Rs. 50.—MARCUS & Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

MARZA WINE.—The New Brain and Nerve food to restore the vital forces. Contains Iron, Phosphorus, Coca, Pepsine, Rs. 2-4 Per bottle.—Sole Agents, THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

PREMIER CYCLES.—With the celebrated Helical Steel Tube Frames. All the latest features are embodied. These fine Machines are priced to suit all classes of buyers. Sole Agents: W. H. THORNE & Co., 1345, Hornby Row, Fort, Bombay.

ON VIEW.—Mr. B. Johnson's Furniture, Piano, Singer's Sewing Machine, Garden, &c., at No. 9, Foreman's Bungalow, G. I. P. R. Parel, SALE TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, at 2 P. M.

REMOVAL.—RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS, Photographers, have REMOVED their Studio from 1st April, 1903, from Wellesley Laidlaw Building to Sohrab Mahel, the first house on Walkeshwar Road, Malabar Hill. Please note the change of address.

WANTED, a LITHO WRITER, for the Government Central Press, Bombay. Pay Rs. 28 per mensem. Apply to the SUPERINTENDENT.

WANTED STUDENTS to take Lessons in Shorthand, Typewriting and Book-keeping. Terms Moderate, Proficiency Guaranteed.—INDIA TYPEWRITING Co., 19, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

COAX THE LIVER, don't drive it; hard purgatives harm more than they help; move the Bowels by gentle means; get a Remedy that will regulate the Liver and that Remedy is FOTHERGILL'S MADONAL. Rs. 1-10 and Rs. 2-12—MADON, SONS & Co., Bombay.

LIFE INSURANCE.—Mr. E. P. HENDERSON, I. C. S., retd., has recently shown the holder of a Policy 12 years old, on which only 8 more payments remain due, an immediate and absolutely CERTAIN gain of £50 by substituting a better Policy, the gain increasing, at present rates, to £98 at his probable date of death. No Policy-holder need despair of improvement. Mr. H—'s advice costs nothing and is open to all (subject to the conditions stated in his Pamphlet) whom he believes to apply in good faith.—28, Kensington Gardens Square, London, W.

ICES AND REFRESHMENT.—Every day two kinds of ICES. WINES and SPIRITS of the best kind. Fresh Pastry. Hot Mutton Patties.—MORENAS & Co., Meadow St., Bombay.

PAY a VISIT to JACKERIA EBRAHIM'S SHOP No. 32, Esplanade Cross Road, opposite Market Police Office, it will repay you. Large Assortment of Goods, and Ottomanstores by every Mail at Fair Rates.

RUBBER TYRES, Rubber Tyre Wheels, Harness, Saddles, Carriage Lamps, Carriage Trimmings, and Stable Requisites. Send for Catalogue.—E. S. MALLA & Co., 393, Bhendy Bazar Bombay.

MAHABLESHWAR DAK.—Phaetons and Tongas for WATHAR, PANCHGANI and MAHABLESHWAR, For rates apply to BAPOO SHEREKUR, Wai.

MAHABLESHWAR DAK.—By Special Appointment to H. E. THE GOVERNOR, Ready laid PHAETON and TONGA between WATHAR, PANCHGANI and MAHABLESHWAR. For Rates write to N. FRAMJI ARDESHIR & Co., Government Mail Contractors, Poona.

CURETINE COMPOUND (Lawson's) cures where Copaiba and Sandal Oil fails. One Bottle Annas 12. Apply HOMI BROS., Opticians, New Building, No. 2, 1st Floor, near Crawford Market, Bombay.

INCANDESCENT BURNERS, durable Mantles, Glass and Mica Chimneys and Globes. Best articles at cheap rates.—D. S. POCHEE & SON, Sitaram Building, near Crawford Market.

BEST INDIAN and CHINA SILK EMBROIDERY in Screens, Cushion, Bed and Table Covers, etc., just received.—P. MEHTA & Co., Meadows Street, Fort.

IXL DURRIES in fast colors with and without borders. New Patterns now ready. Free on application to WM. S. MARRIOTT, The Tent Factory, Cawnpore.

NEW Pattern Shooting or Field Service Tent double fly with bathroom complete 40 lbs. Catalogues Free.—WM. S. MARRIOTT, The Tent Factory, Cawnpore.

CYCLES for SEPOYS, with Cushion Tyres complete with one year guarantee for FREE REPAIRS, at Rs. 98 only.—WELLINGTON CYCLE Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay, and Main Street, Poona.

SPLENDID SELECTION of CARRIAGE TIMEPIECES and CLOCKS, with and without Alarm from Rs. 20 to Rs. 100; quarter chiming Rs. 125.—CURSETJI CAWASJEE, G. I. P. Ry. Watchmaker, 55, Esplanade Rd.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY, from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 31, Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds, Library Presses, Sofas, Chairs of latest Designs, made and ready, Cuttack, No. 6

OVERLAND SUMMARY PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage, English Subscription Rs. 15 per year including Postage.

CHESTER BRAND HIGH GRADE of AMERICAN 125° Fire Test Oil. Imported by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York. Sold at their Godowns, Mazagaon.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOW FLAKE OIL, 150° sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., at Rs. 5-8-8 per case, at Bombay; and by Mr. J. C. Bhut, at Rs. 5-6-2 per case, at Baroda.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BI-WEEKLY edition.—Issued on Wednesday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3 to Subscribers in Bombay, Rs. 15 to the Mofussil

MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies trustworthy efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants, Patronized by the Officers of the Services, Army and Navy, as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First Class Chinese and Mahomedan Servants, for which we guarantee, Fee Rs. 2 for each servant.—No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. Established, 1873.

BACK NUMBERS of THE BOMBAY GAZETTE Daily, the Weekly, and the Weekly Mail Edition, when available, are supplied on the following terms:—Seven days from date of issue, 4 annas; 8 to 30 days from date of issue, 8 annas; 30 days to one year, 1 rupee; and of older dates than one year from Rs. 5 per copy according to numbers available. Reference charge one rupee.

OLIVER TYPEWRITER.—The World's Standard visible WRITING MACHINE. Neatest, Lightest, most portable Machine. Most powerful manifolder, Writes 84 Characters with only 28 Keys. Price Rs. 350 nett. Sole Agents: W. H. THORNE & Co., 1345, Hornby Row, Fort, Bombay.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Boxes, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and despatch at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press

MR. N. P. KHARE[illegible] Sewing [illegible] respec[illegible]

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CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying 230 Military Messes and 93 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES, Spirits or Liqueurs from the following well-known Houses:—

POMMERY AND GRENO,	Rheims.
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LAWSON'S LIQUEUR WHISKY.

Justly noted for its age, softness, Mellowness, and fine Character.

Strongly recommended to all who desire a good Whisky.

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INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

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RESERVE FUND £650,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS..... £800,000

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HATON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON

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Calcutta,	Singapore,	Foochow,
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The Corporation GRANT DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches; buy and receive for collection Bills of Exchange; issue Letters of Credit; and undertake general Banking business.

FIXED DEPOSITS

are received for TWELVE MONTHS at FOUR PER CENT per Annum. Rate for shorter periods may be ascertained on application.

JOHN STIVEN,
Agent.

Bombay Agency, Esplanade.

BANK OF CALCUTTA, LIMITED.

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Subscribed.....Rs. 15,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... " 15,00,000
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DIRECTORS.

Mrs. D. YULE, Messrs. Andrew Yule & Co.
" R. J. D. THOMAS, Messrs. J. Thomas & Co.
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CREDITS granted on approved Security and every description of banking business transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and [illegible] per annum allowed on the daily balances.
FIXED DEPOSITS received [illegible] rates of interest:—

For 3

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF

THE EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.

WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE: 11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY

THE PREMIUMS

Are so moderate that, at usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured, from the first, for the yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to

AN IMMEDIATE AND CERTAIN BONUS OF 20 TO 25 PER CENT.

ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE

SHOWING THE ANNUAL PREMIUM PAYABLE FOR VARIOUS KINDS OF POLICIES WITH PROFITS.

Age next Birthday.	Whole Life Assurances of Rs. 1,000.				Endowment Assurances of Rs. 1,000.			Age next Birthday
	Whole Life Premiums.	Premiums Limited to			Payable at death, or in			
		10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	15 years.	20 years.	25 years.	
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	
20	21 10	48 8	36 6	30 7	64 5	47 6	37 11	20
21	22 1	49 4	36 14	30 15	64 6	47 8	37 13	21
22	22 9	50 0	37 7	31 7	64 8	47 10	37 15	22
23	23 1	50 12	38 0	31 15	64 9	47 12	38 1	23
24	23 9	51 8	38 10	32 7	64 11	47 14	38 4	24
25	24 2	52 5	39 4	33 0	64 13	48 0	38 7	25
26	24 11	53 2	39 15	33 9	64 15	48 3	38 10	26
27	25 5	54 0	40 10	34 2	65 1	48 6	38 14	27
28	25 15	54 14	41 5	34 12	65 4	48 9	39 2	28
29	26 9	55 13	42 1	35 6	65 7	48 12	39 6	29
30	27 4	56 13	42 13	36 0	65 10	49 0	39 11	30
31	27 15	57 13	43 10	36 11	65 13	49 4	40 0	31
32	28 11	58 14	44 7	37 6	66 0	49 8	40 6	32
33	29 8	59 15	45 4	38 2	66 4	49 13	40 12	33
34	30 6	61 1	46 2	38 15	66 8	50 2	41 3	34
35	31 5	62 4	47 1	39 12	66 13	50 6	41 10	35
36	32 5	63 8	48 0	40 10	67 2	50 14	42 2	36
37	33 5	64 12	49 0	41 9	67 8	51 5	42 11	37
38	34 6	66 1	50 1	42 5	67 14	51 13	43 5	38
39	35 8	67 6	51 3	43 8	68 4	52 5	43 15	39
40	36 11	68 12	52 5	44 9	68 11	52 14	44 10	40
41	38 0	70 3	53 8	45 11	69 3	53 8	45 6	41
42	39 6	71 11	54 12	46 14	69 12	54 8	46 4	42
43	40 13	73 4	56 1	48 2	70 6	55 0	47 3	43
44	42 5	74 13	57 6	49 7	71 0	55 14	48 4	44
45	43 14	76 7	58 12	50 13	71 11	56 13	49 6	45

A PERSON OF 30 may secure Rs. 1,000 at Death by a yearly payment of Rs. 27-4 during The life Premium would generally elsewhere secure Rs. 800 only instead of Rs. 1,000.

OR if unwilling to burden himself with payments during his whole life, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 by twenty yearly payments of Rs. 33, being thus free of Premiums before age 50, this premium being about the same as most Offices require during the whole term of life.

OR, if preferring to make provision for his old age or for his family in case of death, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 payable at age 55 or death by yearly payments of Rs. 39-11.

TO PROFESSIONAL MEN AND OTHERS

Whose income is dependent upon health, the Limited Payment System or Endowments Assurance is specially recommended.

E. F. ALLUM, General Manager.

The HOUSE of COMMONS—AN IRISHMAN'S PROTEST.

TO ENGLISHMEN, SCOTCHMEN, IRISHMEN, and OUR COLONIES

AN IRISHMAN'S ELOQUENT PROTEST.—Richard Lalor Shiel once startled the House of Commons and the country when the word "alien" was applied to him as an Irishman. "On the field of Waterloo" he exclaimed, "the blood of Englishmen, Scotchmen, and Irishmen flowed in the same stream and drenched the same sod—when the cold grey morning dawned they lay stiff and stark together; in the same trench their bodies were laid; the green corn of spring bursts even now from their commingled dust; the dew falls from heaven upon their union in the grave. Partakers the every peril, are we not to be partakers in glory? Are we to be told we are aliens from that noble country for whose salvation our life blood was poured?" The effect of in peech both inside and outside the House was electrical.

THE MORAL.

"I need not be missed if another succeed me;
To reap down those fields which in spring I have sown.
He who ploughed and who sowed is not missed by the reaper,
He is only remembered by what he has done."

The misery of Life is immensely increased in these days of Fevers, if you miss such a single precaution as Batliwalla's Ague-Mixture and Pills.

Most powerful remedies for Malarious, Intermittent, Bilious Fevers, Influenza and Mild form of Plague.

Equally useful to Men, Women, and Children of all ages.

Guaranteed not to contain Aconite, Antimony, Arsenic, Mercury, Opium, Strychnia or any poisonous salts.

Why be miserable? Why not be wise instead?

Take the right remedy at the right time, and get rid of that nasty fever, by using Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture.

EXTRACTS out of numerous testimonials of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS; REMEDIES FOR MALARIAL FEVERS and INFLUENZA. Surg.-Maj. Jaykar:—It is a safe and reliable remedy. Surg.-Maj. Reporter:—I have found it very efficacious. J. Y. Lang, Esq., (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Free Masonary in India):—Derived immediate benefit from its use. Very Rev. B. Fernand Vicar de Vara:—It is most efficacious. G. S. Risti, Esq., Lic. of Civ. Engr.:—It is a safe and immediate remedy. P. J. Daily, Esq., Chief Guard. S. M. Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold Drop.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS & BATLIWALLA & Co.'s CHOLERAL (specific for Cholera) may be had from Treacher & Co., Kemp & Co., Phillips & Co., Beynon & Co., &c., &c., &c., or from the Sole Manufacturer, Dr. H. L. Batliwalla, Worli, Dadar, Bombay, at Re. 1 per Bottle.

DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

DR. DE ROOS COMPOUND RENAL PILLS

A highly reliable remedy for Pains in the Back, Chest, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Bladder, and all those painful diseases that affect a certain sex every month, and for [illegible] Inflammation of the Kidneys is also a most valuable remedy for Diseases of the Stomach, as it prevents the [illegible] from contamination of the blood with poisonous impurities which should have been carried off by the [illegible] and is [illegible] 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. 3d. each, of all Chemists and Merchants in India.

Purchasers are especially requested to see that every package bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "Dr. De Roos Compound" engraved thereon in white letters on a red ground, as [illegible] worthless imitations.

DR. DE ROOS WORLD-FAMED GUM[illegible]

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

RATES.—First Three Insertions Four Annas per line. Fourth, and onward Two Annas, Minimum Charge Re. 1-8.

TO LET, FURNISHED.

THE TWO SEMI-DETACHED BUNGALOWS, lately constructed on Ridge Road Malabar Hill, between the Ladies Gymkhana and Palazzo House. The Bungalows will be available from early in April to the 1st Octobe. Apply stating Rent willing to give, to the EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Presidency, from whom permission to view may be obtained.

WANTED, CHEAP,

SECOND-HAND MACHINERY, such as Engines, Boilers Ginning Mills, Oil Mills, Cotton Presses, Pumps, Rice Mills etc., etc.

Apply stating age and other particulars to Box "No. 299" Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette"

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, A PARSEE ENGINEER, holding First Class Certificates, for Government Boot and Army Equipment Factory, Cawnpore.

Apply with copies of testimonials and stating earliest date available, and salary required, to

COOPER ALLEN & Co.,
Cawnpore.

THE ROSERY POULTRY FARM.

PAREL TANK ROAD,

ALL kinds of poultry, sucking pigs, and rabbits for sale at the above address. Customers are requested to be kind enough to send in their orders as early as possible in the day. The farm is entirely under European management. List of prices can be obtained from, and orders must be sent to,

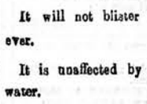
MRS. BAKER,
The "Rosery,"
Victoria Road Pyculla. Telephone No. 1014

DEVJEE MALJEE,

INDIAN JEWELLER.

No. 19, Kalbadevi Road,

BOMBAY.



MAKER and SELLER of all SORTS of Pure Indian Gold ORNAMENTS and JEWELLERY. ARTICLES highly polished on the Machine, same as the ENGLISH MAKE.

Charges Moderate.
Orders Carefully Executed.

STEEL ANGLES, TEES, AND PLATES,
Rolled Steel Beams,
Cast Iron Pipes,
Galvanized Corrugated Iron Sheets,
Wrought Iron Tubes, &c.

LARGE STOCKS ready for Immediate Delivery.

GEO. SERVICE & Co.,
Green Street, Bombay.

Beauty

ICILMA PREPARATIONS are absolutely necessary and unrivalled for HOT CLIMATES, preserving the skin from sunburn, prickly heat, festering, etc., and curing insect bites. Sold by The ARMY & NAVY COOPERATIVE STORES.

Icilma 102 Gray's Inn Road, London, W. C.

JOHN DICKINSON & Co., Ld.,

12, BANK STREET,

BOMBAY.

WE beg to notify that we have been appointed the SOLE AGENTS in the Bombay Presidency for the SIDEROSTHEN PAINS SYNDICATE, LD.

SIDEROSTHEN has become widely known as a FIRST-CLASS PRESERVATIVE OF IRON, STEEL AND ZINC FROM CORROSION and other destructive actions.

We claim for SIDEROSTHEN that—

It is an absolutely rust-proof and rust preventing Paint.

It will resist the action of CHLORINE, AMMONIA, and CAUSTIC SODA, NITRIC, ACETIC, SULPHURIC and MURIATIC ACIDS.

It will not blister under any heat whatsoever.

It is unaffected by Salt Air, Spray and Sea-water.

It is elastic when dry, and will not crack on hip.

It preserves WOOD from the ravages of WHITE ANTS.

A large consignment of this Paint has just been received.

Price and Samples on application.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & COMPANY, No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE OF FIVE VERY VALUABLE BUILDING PLOTS ON THE WEST SIDE OF CHARNI ROAD.

By order of Mr. Merwanjee Hormusjee Mody, Bai Hamabai Merwanjee Mody and Bai Dinbai Jehangir Mody, the Executor and Executrices of the late Nasserwanji Shapoorji Parekh and under instructions for the undersigned, having the conduct of the sale, Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co., Auctioneers, will put up for sale by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd day of April, 1903 at 3 p.m., at the premises, five very valuable building plots on the West side of Charni Road forming part of the property belonging to the estate of the said Nasserwanji Shapoorji Parekh, two of which plots, namely lots 2 and 5 have important frontages on Charni Road, and the remaining three of which, namely, lots 1, 3 and 4 will have convenient access to the said road by a private road about to be constructed for the purpose by the Executors.

All the said plots are of Pension and Tax tenure, and form parts of new Survey No. 7362, and their respective areas are as follows :—

Lot No. 1	.....	..... Mr.	857·48 sq. yards,
" 2	(With large frontage on Charni Road)		1628·41 "
" 3	.....		720·96 "
" 4	.....		1009·06 "
" 5	(With large frontage on Charni Road)		1295 "

A plan of the several plots can be seen and further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from the Undersigned and from the Auctioneers.

Any bonafide proposals for the purchase of all the aforesaid five lots together including the area of the land admeasuring 681 square yards or thereabouts, reserved for the private road as aforesaid will be considered if made in writing to the Undersigned seven clear days before the date hereby fixed for the sale.

Dated this 31st day of March, 1903.

LESLIE CRAWFORD,
of Messrs. Crawford, Browne and Co.
H. BICKNELL,
of Messrs. Bicknell, Merwanji and Motilal.

AUCTION SALE OF GOVERNMENT LEASEHOLD LAND AT VESSAWA.

On SATURDAY, the 25th day of April, 1903, at 4 p.m., the Undersigned will, at their Office in 4, Forbes and Medows Streets, Fort, sell by Public Auction under instructions from the mortgagee Mr. Jugmohandas Varjeevandas, and with the consent of the Official Assignee assignee of the estate of Ratanbai Dosabhai Karani, an insolvent, and on account and at the risk of the said insolvent the following property :

All that piece or parcel of Government leasehold land or ground, admeasuring 30 000 square yards or thereabouts, situate at Vessawa in the Registration Sub-district of Bandora in the Taluka of Salsette, Thana District, Survey No. 85 and part of building site No. 1, and bounded on the east by Government ground, on the west by part Survey No. 85 on the north by Government ground, and on the south by seashore and which said land is now in the possession of the mortgagee, and all the right, title and interest of the mortgagee in the same.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Anklesr Hormusjee Bhadkwar & Co., Vendor's Attorneys at their office, No. 129 Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the Undersigned.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1903.

MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, 4th April, 1903.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £450,000

HEAD OFFICE :
37 THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Cawnpore,	Kandy.
Lahore,	Bombay,	Colombo,	Tuticorin.
Amritsar,	Madras,	Mandalay,	Zanzibar,
Karachee,	Rangoon,	Newera Eliya,	Mombassa,
Steamer Point,	Aden.		

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Shares and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

ROBERT R. ROSS,
Manager.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—CALCUTTA.
BRANCHES:
Bombay, Karachi, Lahore, London, Madras, Rangoon and Rawal Pindi.
Sub-Branches :—Murree—(April to October).
Sub-Agencies :—Amritsar, Bannalore, Lyallpore and Moolian City.

CAPITAL PAID-UP, Rs. 43,80,800.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED AND AS UNDER STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for home remittance, 4 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS—
9 to 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.
2 years at 5½ " "

Special rates are given for SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS which can be learnt on application.

Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received into the Bank's PRUDENTIAL FUND, bearing half-yearly compound interest at 5 per cent. per annum.

Cheques, Bills, Hoondees on Stations where the Bank has Branches and Currency Notes of any circle are collected and credited free of charge in the above Interest Deposit Accounts.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened for sums of Rs. 100 and upwards and receive 2 per cent. per annum, upon the daily balances, provided a minimum daily balance of Rs. 50 is maintained.

Apply for Rules to Head Office or Branches.

W. MOIR,
Manager.

Bombay, 14th November, 1902.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... Yens 24,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... " 18,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... " 9,060,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :
Tokio, Kobe, Nagasaki, London, Lyons, New York, San Francisco, Hawaii, Peking, Shanghai, Hongkong Tientsin and Newchang.

LONDON BANKERS :—
THE BANK OF ENGLAND; THE LONDON and JOINT STOCK BANK LD.; THE UNION OF LONDON and SMITH'S BANK LD.; THE PARR'S BANK LD.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

Y. MATSUO,
Manager

Albert Buildings Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,

BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.

CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO., are open for the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.

GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.

Correspondence Invited.

CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
66 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

This is the age of research and experiment, when all matter, solid or liquid, is ransacked by the scientific for the comfort and happiness of man. Science has indeed made giant strides during the past century, and among the many means least important—discoveries in medicine comes that of Therapion, particulars of which will be found in another column. This preparation is unquestionably one of the most genuine and reliable Patent Medicines ever introduced, and has, we understand, been used in the Continental Hospitals by Medical Men of Robert Velpeau, Maisonneuve, the well-known Chassaignac, and indeed by all those who are regarded as authorities in such matters. Introduced as the celebrated Lallemand, and Ronx, by whom it was some time since uniformly adopted, and that it is worthy the attention of those who require such a remedy we think there is no doubt. From the time of Aristotle downwards, a potent agent in the removal of these diseases has like the fame of philosopher's stone been the object of search of some hopeful, generous minds; and far beyond the mere power—if such could ever have been discovered—of transmuting the baser metals into gold is surely the discovery of a remedy so potent as to replenish the failing energies of the confirmed wreck in the one case, and in the other so speedily, promptly and safely to expel from the system without the aid, or even the knowledge, of a second party, the poisons of acquired or inherited disease in all their protean forms as to leave no taint or trace behind. Such is The New French Remedy Therapion, which may certainly rank with, if not take precedence of, many of the discoveries of our day, about which no little ostentation and noise have been made, and the extensive and ever increasing demand that has been created for this medicine wherever introduced appears to prove that it is destined to cast into oblivion all those questionable remedies that were formerly the sole reliance of medical men. Therapion may be obtained in England, direct from the proprietor, and of the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the Colonies, India, China, Japan, &c., not even excluding such remote districts as Central Africa, the Fiji Islands, St. Helena, &c.—*Diamond Fields Advertiser* KIMBERLY

A BOON TO WEAK MEN.

AN originally scientific means of Curing Nervous Debility and its Various Physical and Nervous Ailments without the use of Nauseous Stomach Medicines.

The Method is easy and sure, and a Permanent and Effective Cure is Assured in all Cases of Weakness in Young and Old Men.

A fully Explanatory Pamphlet sent sealed free of charge, —Address C. MURRAY & Co., 9 Chatham Street, Piccadilly, London, W.

NOTICE.

THOSE SUBSCRIBERS who have been hitherto SUPPLIED with the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" through the Cosmopolitan Library, can have the paper by applying to Messrs. VINCENT & CO., 19, Hornby Road, 3rd Floor, Fort, or the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," Head Office.

ITALIAN SHIRTS AND COLLARS

NOW ON SHOW.

BANKER & Co.,

HIGH CLASS GENTS' TAILORS AND LADIES' DRESS MAKERS.

38, ESPLANADE CROSS ROAD,
OPPOSITE GOCULDAS HOSPITAL,
BOMBAY.

IMPORTANT TO SMOKERS.

D. MERWAN & Co., the Tobacconists of Medows Street, have OPENED OUT in their New Airy Premises

A REGULAR EXHIBITION OF READY CHOICE

DUTCH HAVANA CIGARS,

From Rs. 5 to Rs. 12 per 100.

These are imported specially to meet the demand of CONNOISSEURS.

Inspection invited. Satisfaction Assured.

Up-country Orders by V. P. Post or Rail.

D. MERWAN & Co.,

CIGAR MERCHANTS and TOBACCONISTS,
42, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

FUTURE FROM HANDWRITING!

YOUR character, marriage partner described, business, love, health, changes and chief events accurately told. Send a specimen of your writing, signed with usual signature, and enclose twenty half-anna postage stamps and a stamped addressed envelope to

"GRAPHOLOGISTS,
Mandvi Post, Bombay."

NOTE.—Don't send it if you dislike plain speaking.

E. DUCKETT & Co.,

MONUMENTALISTS

OF POONA AND CARRARA.

"BOOKLET" & "COMPLETE"

NEW MEMORIAL DESIGN BOOK NOW ON HAND.

Specialists in Monumental Work for India.

ADDRESS : EAST STREET, POONA.

INSURANCES.

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS

ABOUT THE

STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

1.—OVER THREE QUARTERS OF A MILLION STERLING per annum is being paid in Death Claims year by year.

2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to over £ 9,900,000 and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.

3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary.

N. B.—POLICIES ISSUED IN RUPEES, OR IN STERLING.

FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER,

IS WARRANTED TO CLEAR THE BLOOD from all impurities from whatever cause arising.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, Blackheads, Pimples, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It Cures Old Sores.
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sore Legs.
Cures Blackhead or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all impure Matter, From whatever cause arising.
It is a specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains. It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warrants free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Colour-Sergeant Instructor Jno. Howarth Chesnire Regiment, Chester, writes :" I suffered from Rheumatism in my arms and legs for over five years. I also had a bruised shin bone, through which I could rest only for a few minutes at a time. All sorts of remedies were applied, but none did any good for more than a few days. After a while I was recommended to try 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' which I did, and on taking the first bottle I felt relief. I therefore continued with this excellent medicine, and it effected a perfect cure. This was more than a year ago and I am pleased to say I have not felt the least pain since—in fact, I am in as good health as ever I was in my life.

"Moreover, I had two friends of mine who were laid up with Rheumatism of my case, and they tried 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' They are tailors by trade, and in seven days they were at work again. They say this medicine cannot be too highly praised.

"May 18, 1899."

Mr. George Price, St. Margaret's-on-Thames writes :—" I feel that I should write you a few lines in praise of Clarke's Blood Mixture. I have been suffering these last few years with Eczema and Blotches, which prevented me following my occupation, and I can safely say I have spent scores of pounds in all sorts of other medicines. A little while ago, however, I was advised by a friend of mine who has taken Clarke's Blood Mixture to try a bottle, and to my great relief I am a new man and able at the present time to go on with my business, being now quite well. In fact, I cannot give it too much praise. You are at liberty to make what use you like of this testimonial for the benefit of others who may be suffering from the same complaint.

"December 23, 1899."

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WONDERFUL CURES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles at 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases—BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article, Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled Vendors. The word "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture," shown on the bottle. WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

SOUTH AFRICA, 1899-1902,

MENTIONED IN DESPATCHES.

(2ND EDITION.)

Being a Complete List of Officers and Men of the Army and Navy mentioned in Despatches (with details of act for which mentioned, where such has been gazetted); together with a List of those awarded the Victoria Cross (with details), Conspicuous Service Cross, Distinguished Service Order, and Distinguished Conduct Medals; and of Nursing Sisters who have been awarded the Royal Red Cross.

Also List of all Honours and Special Promotions in the Army and Navy gazetted up to November, 1902.

PRICE ONE SHILLING,
By Post 1s 3.

THE ARMY & NAVY GAZETTE,
3 YORK STREET, COVENT GARDEN,
LONDON, W. C.

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half Yearly Divit.	Cash Rate
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	10 p. c.	1,267½
Banker Bengal	40,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,205
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	8 pr. ct	900
Commercial Bank of India	40,000	100	100	nil	55
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	10 pr. ct.	210 to 211
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	dol. 125	all	31 10-0	281
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	9½	4 dvd 10 pr	Rs. 595

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	125	1,250
Albert (Kershaw)	200	1,000	1,100	Rs 35	380
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs20	210
Bombay Cotton Brush Cawnpore Press Co., Ld.	1,000	125	125	Nil	624
Broach City ress Co., Co.	500	200	200	dvd Rs16	190
Gaze	536	200	200	dvd Rs12	185
East India	500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs10	200
English Press and Manig.	350	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs14	1400
Fort	700	250	250	dvd Rs 4	60
French	150	8,000	1,150	dvd Rs20	671
Harvey	300	500	500	dvd Rs10	250
Sabapathy	450	500	500	dvd Rs20	642
Hingoll Press Co., Ld.	750	100	100	dvd Rs 24	165
Khangaum	240	450	450	dvd Rs25	600
Mercantile	1,500	125	125	dvd Rs30	60
Mofussil Co.	3,125	400	400	dvd Rs36	600
Munnar M.	1,000	250	all	dv Rs20	240
New Berar	1,250	500	500	dv Rs40	580
New Indian	1,000	125	125	dvd Rs12½	170
Prince of Wales	600	500	500	dv Rs30½	440
Sind and Punjab Co.	100	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs150	1,800
Sind	400	450	750	dvd Rs20	335
Surat City Press Co., Ld.	37	200	all	16	170
Volkart	450	1,000	1,000	Rs 80	1020

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Half yearly.	
Alliance	1,000	1,000	all	Nil	110
Anglo-Indian	1,345	100	100	Nil	2
Bombay ; Unit- ed	900	1,00	1,000	dvd Rs7½	200
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	1,200	500	500	dvd Rs 30	400
Britannia Mills.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	135
Central India	7,500	500	500	Rs 75	1615
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	470
City of Bombay Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	620
Connaught Mills	1,650	500	500	Nil	330
Colaba Land and Mills	4,000	700	700	Rs. 10	295
Coorla Mills	1,500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs40	490
Currimbhoy Mills	750	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs20	510
David Mills	1,400	500	500	Nil	210
Empress	2,100	5.0	500	Nil	160
Esplanade	1,250	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs20	485
Hindustan	1,200	1,000	1,000	Nil	270
Howard and Bullough	1,500	500	500	Nil	340
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs 40	850
Imperial Cotton	100	500	500	Nil	55
Indian Manfg.	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs25	340
Indo-China Manufacturing Co., Ld....	700	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs25	300
James Greaves	1,300	500	500	Nil	200
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	dvd 5	85
Jeevraj Balloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs20	390
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	843	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs20	270
Khandelah	750	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs8	625
Khatau Mak- anjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs25	385
Leopold	3.50	10	108	Nil	100
Lakmidas Spinning and Weaving Co.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	250
Madras United.	500	1,000	1,000	Rs 100	2,325
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs30	1,855
Morarji Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs60	1,600
Mysore S. and M. Co., Ld. ..	4,000	250	250	Nil	75
New Great Eastern	4,400	1,000	1,000	Nil	60
Presidency Mills Co., Ld.	742	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs40	680
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	410
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	400
Sassoon	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs 50	775
Sholapore Mills	800	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs60	1,760
Soonderdas	700	1,000	1,000	Nil	115
Southern India.	1,000	500	500	Nil	20
outhern Mahratta	2,380	250	250	Nil	75
Spring Mills, Ld.	3,200	250	250	Nil	130
Standard Mills Co.	1,000	500	500	Nil	80
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	divid 25	3121
Sassoon and Allance	4,000	500	500	Nil	755
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	490
Union Mills, Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	100
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Nil	125
Wilcoinson	2,800	500	500	20	270 320

MISCELLANOUS

				Half yearly	
Alcock Ashdown	1,750	100	100	dv Rs 5	245
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	12	35
Badham Pile	5,000	100	100	12 pr ct	157
Bombay and Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	dvd 125	6,500
Do. New Issue	1,800	625	375	dvd 482	1,625
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	6 pr ct	62
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	25	880
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,700	200	200	dvd Rs12	180
Empire of India Life Ass. Co., Ld.	2,000	500	50	...	50
Indian Guerantee and Zamindary, Ship Assn ...	5,000	100	10	10 pr ct	18
John Roberts and Co	1,5?/	100	10	dvd Rs10	155
Kemp and Co..	2,50	200	17	11	215
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	80	...	25
Marsh and Co., Ld	4,000	100	17	dvd Rs10	147
Napier Hotel Co	3,000	100	100	9 pr ct	25
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	00	50	12 pr ct	135
Phillips and Co., Ld.....	4,000	100	10	Nil	13
Port Canning Co	6,000	1,000	1,00	dvd Rs18	440
Soundy and Co.	2,000	100	1,081	...	20
Thacker and Co.	2,000	500	500	15	660
Thacker and Co., ...	1,5?/	100	...	dvd Rs15	160
Telephone Co..	25,000	25	25	dvd Rs14	224

RAILWAY COMPANIES

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock...	...	...	...	...	...
B. B. & C. I. R. Co., New Ad Shares	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmedabad Prantej Ry....	4,000	500	...	dvd Rs12	535
Tapti Valley Ry. Co.	28,000	500	...	dvd Rs10	451

MR. SPENCER and M. Santos-Dament must look to their laurels. The latest claimant to have solved the problem of aerial navigation is an American Civil Engineer. His machine, he announces, is practically a flying machine, heavier than the air, the ascension and propulsion of which is obtained by special mechanical power and also by the immense strength of a natural element. In consequence of this additional natural power, the ship will be able to ascend to any altitude permitted by the rarefaction of the air, to stand still at any desired level of the atmosphere, to travel in all directions with a speed of over 100 miles an hour, facing thus the most impetuous hurricanes, and to transport weight from five to 25 tons according to its size.

THE BEST NATURAL APERIENT WATER

Hunyadi János

FOR CONSTIPATION.

"Specially efficacious in the treatment o chronic constipation."—

PROFESSOR LAMBL,
University of Warsaw.

Average dose :—a wineglassful before breakfast, either pure or diluted with a similar quantity of hot or cold water.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, APRIL 2.

The Bombay mails of the 21st ult. arrived at Brindisi yesterday.

SECURITIES—

2½ per cent. Consols	£90 3 4	= unchanged
3 per cent. Rentes	95 1/2	= — 1/4
3½ per cent. Indian Sterling Loan	£106	= unchanged
3½ per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	£95 7/8	= + 1/16

SILVER—

Spot in London	22 13/16	= unchanged
2 months hence	22 3/8	= do
Spot in New York	49 3/8	= do

EXCHANGES—

Paris cheques	25.16 1/2	= — 1 2
Berlin	20.50 1/2	= unchanged
New York Demand	4·27	= do

DISCOUNTS—

Bank of England	4	pr ct =
3 months sight Bank Bills	3 1/2	pr ct =
6 " "	3 3/8	pr ct =
3 months sight Fine Trade Bills	3 7/8	pr ct =
6 months sight Fine Trade Bills	3 7/8	pr ct =

INTEREST—

Day to-day loans	3 3 8	pr ct = — 1/4
7 day market loans	3 1/2	pr ct =

Amount paid into the Bank of England about £100,000.

The Bank of England reserve is 44 per cent. of the liabilities.

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay	£	120,000
Gold to Bombay	£	30,000

Rubber.—Para Rubber, 3s. 9 1-2d.
Wheat—Club No. 1, 30 5-8. April-May, Business done.

Rapeseed.—Yellow Gujerat 26 1-4, April-May, Sellers, Tone firm.

Rapeseed.—Yellow Cawnpore 34 7-8 May-Apl. Buyers, Tone firm.

Rapeseed.—Brown 33 1-4 Mar-Apl. Business done Tone firm.

Linseed Bold 42 1-2, April-May Sellers, Tone easier.

Coffee in New York 5 1-4.

In Liverpool,—

Cotton Market closed quiet, Surats quiet, Manchester quiet but steady. Total sales 10,000, Spot 5·32 — 2. Sold on speculation and for Export 500, Imports Nil. Arrivals closed steady.

Apl.-May.	May-June.	June-July.	July-Aug.
5·15	5·17	5·17	5·17
+1	+1	+1	+1
Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct. Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
5·09	4·77	4·58	4·52
+1	+3	+3	+3

In New York—

Receipts at the Port	9,000	bales.
Do. last year	7,000	"
Exports to Great Britain ...	7,000	"
Continent.....	Nil	
Mid-Uplands	10·5	plus 15
Futures, month of July.....	9·61	plus 14
Do. do. December.....	8·34	plus 8

In New Orleans—

Spot	9 3-4	
Futures month of July	9·77	plus 11
Do. October	8·24	plus 9

Tone at close ..... Steady.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., on Thursday, 2nd April, 1903 :—

Cotton	10,280	bales.
Wheat	5,150	cwts.
Linseed	23,401	"
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds ...	7,495	"
Gingellyseed	9,464	"
Poppyseed	199	"
Groundnuts	441	"
Castorseed	8,604	"
Rice	1,968	"
Myrabollams	1,991	"
Cottonseed	14,072	"

BOMBAY FRIDAY APRIL 3.

There is very little change to record in our Ice I Cotton Market during the past week. Shipments continue on a moderate scale to Europe and Japan, but we hear of little fresh business passing. At current prices the inquiry is very small, and the daily turn over at Colaba has been confined to purchases by Mills, filling up their requirements, and to small purchases by exporters for ready shipment. Prices all round show little alteration on last mail's quotations, and for forward delivery there is scarcely an enquiry. Advices from the other side show fairly steady markets in America and Liverpool and the week closes at about the some quotations as those current last mail, after some fluctuation in they meanwhile. There has been rather more activity in the Seeds markets during the past week. Stocks of all descriptions in Bombay are moderate and although Linseed is beginning to come in more freely, arrivals of other kinds are still on a small scale.

Linseed has been firmer with a moderate business doing daily at from Rs. 7-6 up to Rs. 7 8-6, closing at Rs. 7-10 for ready and forward delivery.

Rapeseed is very firm and prices have advanced two to three annas per cwt in all descriptions, There is a better enquiry from Europe Stocks here are very small.

Poppy seed, is steadier and Rs. 7-8 has been paid for ready. Stocks in Bombay are almost exhausted and arrivals are still on very small lines. For forward delivery there has been some demand at Rs. 7-4 to Rs. 7-5.

Castorseed was quiet at Rs. 2-11-4, and was becom. steadier at the close with business passing at Rs. 22.

Gingellseed in quite with a small business reported at previous quotations.

Wheat.—Prices are firmer with but little doing for export Rs. 28 has been paid for Ahmedabad peesl, Rs. 26-8 for Hard Red 75 per cent, and Rs. 29-8 Club No. 1.

Cottonseed is quiet at Rs. 16-4.

The following statement shows the arrivals into Bombay of Wheat and Sheeds for the three months ending the 31st March 1903, compared with the same period last year.

produce.	1903. cwts.	1902. cwts.
Wheat	6,77,466	5,95,359
Linseed	6,76 126	7,52,512
Rape, Rai and Mustard	1,68 200	*6,22,331
Gingellyseed	17,84 400	7,44 402
Poppyseed	30,273	15,031
Groundnuts	72, 631	95 183
Castorseed	4,08,695	4 70 313
Rice	8,23,317	24,63,703
Myrabollams	3,31,558	5,15,899
Cottonseed	1,*52,742	8,28,227

*Rapeseed only.

The Freight market was very dull in the early part of the week but later on a very large business was reported booked from May to July at 13s. p.p. and 13s. 6d. Hamburg. The ready market is also steadier with sellers at 13s. p.p. For May the sellers quotation is 13s. 3d. pp. and June-July 13s. 6 p.p. The s.s. "Lime Branch" is reported fixed for April-May at 13s. Mediterranean ports including Odessa and Trieste Venice. There is very little doing with the regular liners, ready is forward.

The mail of the 20th March from London, brings £100,000 silver and £60,000 gold and the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs 47,70,000
Bombay	" 8,41,000
Madras	" 12,90,000
	Rs. 70,00,000

The mail of the 27th March from London, brings £200,000 silver and £50,000 gold and the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs. 37,90,000
Bombay	" 20,00,000
Madras	" 11,90,000
	Rs. 70,40,000

The mail of the 3rd April from London, brings £80,000 silver and £40,000 gold to Bombay, and also the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs. 19,93,000
Bombay	" 24,80,000
Madras	" 5,70,000
	Rs. 70,10,000

The allotment of 50 lakhs Councils on Wednesday last was taken up, according to Reuter's telegram at 1s. 3 15-16d. in Bills, but private advices state that 40 lakhs were taken at this rate and 10 lakhs at 1s. 3 31-32d. The minimum rate received one per cent. only. The amount for next week is unchanged at fifty lakhs.

The following changes appear in the Bank of Bombay statement, dated 28th March, compared with the previous week :—

LIABILITIES.

Public Deposits	Rs.	18,50,723	Increase
Other Deposits	"	22,37,241	Decrease
Sundries	"	48,877	Increase
ASSETS.			
Government Securities	"	1,12,724	Decrease
Other Authorized Securities	"	73,070	Decrease
Credits on Securities.....	"	48,602	Decrease
Loans do.	"	5,80,713	Decrease
Bills discounted & Purchased	"	7,60,381	Decrease
Balance with other Banks ...	"	28,223	Decrease
Sundries	"	5,073	Increase
Cash	"	12,76,133	Increase

These figures show an increase of 7·92 lakhs in the Trade Demand.

The Bank of Bengal statement, dated the 31st March, shows the following changes compared with the previous week :—

Public Demand.....	Rs.	48 lakhs	Decrease
Cash Head Office	"

SCARCITY OF (REAL) WOOLLENS.

Is one ever sure of getting Woollen Garments? Doctors so frequently order Woollen Underclothing that health may be endangered by wearing something that pretends to be, but is not, Wool. It was said that in a drive of 30 miles round Bradford not one, but scores, of mills could be pointed out where for every bale of wool used, ten bales, and often more, are used of shoddy, mungo, stockings and cotton.—"Daily Telegraph."

You are sure of real Wool and nothing else if you deal with us.

FOR BOMBAY WEAR

Our TUSSAH SERGES are SPECIALLY DESIGNED, a luxury, some say a necessity, SPECIALLY WOVEN to stand daily washing if required, of pure material, WIDTH 27", Rs. 1-8 PER YARD, in 3 Patterns.

FOR OFFICE COATS

Our WORSTEDS, FLANNELS and Superfine SERGES. Samples on application. The above are the specialities for HOT SEASON.

MANUFACTURED BY

THE NEW EGERTON WOOLLEN MILLS COMPANY, LD., DHARIWAL, PUNJAB.

STOP! THINK AND CONSIDER.

WHAT we offer you. SECURITY in your homes; Immunity from thefts. The circumvention of Rambux. All these blessings "on airth" are contained in a suite of our Domestic padlocks. Six in number, four Lever, solid brass, steel shackles, imperial guard. Each having a non-interchangeable key, and the suite a Master Key in duplicate to pass all. Absolutely proof against picks and tampering. Price Rs. 10 only.

Apply to

J. H. JOHNSON & Co., Pioneer Lockworks, Aligarh, N.-W. P.

ACCIDENTS OF ALL KINDS,

Walking, Riding, Driving, Cycling, Hunting, Pole Pigsticking, Shooting, &c., &c.

ALSO

ACCIDENTS and DISEASES Combined.

INSURED AGAINST BY THE

RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE COMPANY,

64, CORNHILL LONDON.

CAPITAL.....£1,000,000

COMPENSATION PAID £3,350,000

LOW RATES, LIBERAL TERMS, LARGEST SECURITY.

This well-known and old-established Company is prepared to insure Europeans resident in India For Prospectus and Form of Proposal apply to the Agents—

MESSRS. KING, KING & CO., BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC Co.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS.

STOCK & SHOW ROOMS, 9-11, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

LAWRENCE & MAYO,

OPHTHALMIC OPTICINS TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST.

By Appointment to

H. E. LORD CURZON OF KEDLESTON, P.C. G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished, and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.

OFFICES IN INDIA.

CALCUTTA. BOMBAY. MADRAS

HEAD OFFICES:

57 and 59, Chancery Lane, London.

Price List of Scientific Instruments free on Application.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

FOR the Greater Convenience of our Constituents, and in order to be in Closer Proximity to our STEAM PRINTING WORKS, THE EDITORIAL AND COMMERCIAL OFFICES OF THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE* Will shortly be removed and located together in the same Block as REUTER'S TELEGRAM OFFICES (NEXT MESSRS. RALLI BROTHERS).

ADVERTISEMENTS AND ORDERS FOR PRINTING WILL BOTH BE RECEIVED AT THE GENERAL OFFICES, REUTER'S BUILDING, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co.,

BANKERS, MERCHANTS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS.

TRAFALGAR BUILDINGS, NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. C.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS, PULLICATE, LONDON.

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INDENTS executed with care and promptitude.

PASSAGES booked by a line of Steamers.

ALL AGENCY BUSINESS undertaken.

The representatives of WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., on RECEIPT of INTIMATION, Board Steamers from the East on their arrival at Plymouth, of Gravesend, or at the Docks, to take instructions at Clearing and Forwarding Baggage, &c.

KING, KING & Co.,

BOMBAY.

KING, HAMILTON & Co.,

CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and Interest at 2 per cent. per annum credited on 30th June and 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Currency Notes of all Circles and Demand Hundies payable in Bombay received without charges.

FIXED DEPOSITS received subject to six and twelve months' notice of withdrawal at rates which can be ascertained on application.

REMITTANCES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM, Demand and Telegraphic, made at the current rates of Exchange, and addresses in connection with the latter registered Free of Charge through Messrs. HENRY S. KING & CO., 65, Cornhill, London.

LONDON:

HENRY S. KING & CO.

EXTENSION OF PREMISES.

MESSRS. LUND & BLOCKLEY beg to announce that owing to the increase of their business they have taken the Premises adjoining those they already occupy in the Sassoon Institute Buildings. Besides extra facilities for

REPAIRS TO WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELLERY,

they will also undertake Repairs of all kinds to

SCIENTIFIC and MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS.

ELECTROPLATING and GILDING will also be a great speciality.

LUND & BLOCKLEY.

WATCH AND CLOCK MANUFACTURERS, SILVERSMITHS AND JEWELLERS,

5-7, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS.

NOW AVAILABLE AT BOMBAY.

	Rs.
SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE'S GRAND PIANO. (Horizontal shape) in splendid condition and just put in thorough order. ...	600
COTTAGE PIANO by MARCKS & Co. Limited in very good tone and condition. ...	250
SQUARE PIANO by LIPP & SONS. A Piano intrinsically new. An instrument that has been in good hands while on hire. ...	300
ERARD GRAND PIANO. (Horizontal shape.) Almost new and has been little used during the last 2 years.	1,400
BRINSMEAD UPRIGHT GRAND PIANO, with the new tuning apparatus in splendid tone and condition, would make a capital District Piano.	650
SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE'S UPRIGHT PIANO, very little used and is almost new...	650
AMERICAN ORGAN by GILBERT & BAUER in thorough order. A very fine Organ.	150

The above Instruments have been built for the climate of India and have stood the test well. Arrangements can be made, if desired, for purchase of any of these Instruments on the Hire-System.

MARCKS & Co., LD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA

N. B.—Our NEW STOCK of BOUDOIR PIANOS at Rs. 525 just to hand.

26, CHURCH GATE STREET, FIRST FLOOR,

Is the Address where Cigars of an exceptional Quality and Flavour are to be had. Send for a Box of our well-known

Flor-de-Cama, Gold Foils in.....	25s	6"
Flor-de-Cama, Silver Foils in	25s	6"
Flor-de-Cama, No. 1	50s	44"
Flor-de-Cama, No 2	50s	44"
Flor-de-Cama, Planters	50s	44"
Flor-de-Cama, Whiffs.....	100s	3"

DELICIOUS SMOKES.

DR. MAGINN SAYS—

If a man suffers with nerve-vital debility, weakness or incapability, he becomes discontented, unhappy, and loses the energy and push so necessary to success in life; that lost or failing vitality causes untold misery to both married and single men. By his scientific exclusive methods of treatment he guarantees a cure and restoration to health and vigour. Age or cause no impediment. No failures. 30 years' experience. All special complaints, Blood, Skin, Bladder, Kidneys, Hydrocele, Rupture, Varicocele, Piles, etc., treated with skill and success by Dr. MAGINN, M.D., L.M.C., L.S.B., M.R., U.S.A. Registered and licensed by Medical Board of United States Government. Successful cures by correspondence. All letters answered. Strictest confidence. Address: J. A. MAGINN, M.D., 61, Dharamtala Street, Calcutta.

PIN HEAD AND OLD GOLD CIGARETTES.

PRIZES GOLD FILLED, SILVER, NICKLE WATCHES, ALUMINIUM CIGARETTE CASE AND PLAYING CARDS, ARE ON VIEW AT

MAHOMED HOOSEIN KARIM & Co., TOBACCONISTS,

Sitaram Building, next to Crawford Markets, and 193, Abdool Rehman Street, Bombay.

Back and Front Pieces of above Cigarette Packets to be returned to the

AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY, 98, CLIVE ROAD, CALCUTTA.

CRUSHED FOOD FOR HORSES.

BEST CRUSHED HORSE FOOD prepared by machinery; clean, wholesome, and fresh. First of its kind in Bombay. At Rs. 4-8 per cwt. Delivered free in Bombay.

Crushed Gram, Barley, Oats, and Bran can be had at very moderate prices in any quantity WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Up-country Orders carefully executed with prompt attention. Trial solicited.

S. M. ALLARAKHIA,

GRAIN MERCHANT, AGENT, AND CONTRACTOR 227, Behasis Road, Byculla, Bombay.

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CARRIAGE RUBBER TYRES,

AND

COUPE & CO'S STEEL WHEELS,

Superior to any imported in India.

FOR SALE, Ready Delivery—

ONE ELECTRIC MOTOR CAR,

To Accommodate 4 Persons.

APPLY

GOVINDJEE MADHOWJEE & Co., 67, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NEW STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE.

THE *Bombay Gazette* are bringing out a small neatly bound STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE, covering all RATES in 32nds, both Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling, from 1s 3 3-4*d*. to 1-4 23-32. The Book will, it is thought, supply a long felt want, as since the stoppage of the free coinage of silver rates have varied well within those given both for demand and six month's Currency Bills, and the extensive and expensive tables in general use are now no longer required. The form adopted will also greatly facilitate the conversion of broken amounts.

To subscribers the cost will be Rs. 1-8 per copy to non-subscribers Rs. 2.

A BOON TO MEN & WOMEN.

TANK-NIGRAH PILLS.—A successful remedy based on most advanced and modern researches in the Ayurved, or Native Medical Science, for nervous diseases and physical debility, premature exhaustion and loss to vital energy with other allied affections.

A Pamphlet, containing Testimonials from Europeans, will be sent free of charge on application.

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Atank-Nigrah Pharmacy,

KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette," Office.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

THE steamer Jersemoor, 2,407 tons, Captain C S Moffatt, sailed yesterday, for Hull, with a general cargo.

THE Clan Line steamer Clan Sutherland, 1,791 tons, Captain W H Ridgeway, sailed yesterday, for Liverpool with a general cargo.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co's steamer Moshtari, 1,109 tons, Captain J. D Storey, sailed yesterday for Jeddah, with a general cargo, and 3 passengers.

THE steamer Bittersea Bridge, 2,170 tons, Captain L S Berryman, arrived in harbour on Thursday evening, from Calcutta 21st March, with a cargo of coal.

THE Austrian Lloyd's S N Co's steamer Gisela, 2,640 tons, Captain A Calafarse, sailed yesterday, for Calcutta via Colombo, with the same bottom cargo and 12 passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Nerbudda, 1,969 tons, Captain H McDiarmed, sailed yesterday, for Zanzibar, &c, with a general cargo, and Mr A O Leyon, Mr N J Wood, 3 natives and 75 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Henzada, 1,314 tons, Captain F G Cunningham, arrived in harbour yesterday from the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo, 10 cases opium, and 56 deck passengers.

THE steamer Bernuder, 1,073 tons, Captain C W Brebner, F R G S, F S A, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Mauritius, 15th March, via Karachi, with a general cargo, and 23 deck passengers. The vessel is consigned to Mr Hajee Saboo Sidick.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Kistna, Captain D Nielson, which arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Karachi, brought a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mrs Walker and infant, Miss Dodd, Vice-Consul C Wilson, Miss Craig, Miss Butcher, Mrs Slade, Mr Gilberton, Sergt-Major Crone, wife and 5 children, and 13 deck.

MEN-OF-WAR AND ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN THE STREAM.

Zaire.....	D B da Costa Mesquitela...	Port Gunboat
Assaye.....	Dowell	Transport
H I M 3 Canning...	Comdr Kendall	H I M S
Sardinia	4129 London.....	Transport

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR,—APRIL 3.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent.
Carthage.....	2493	Jephson	.....	.....	P & O Co
Ranee	3614	Corran	.....	.....	T M & Co
Godwit	25	Scovell	.....	.....	Yacht
Huzara.....	1336	Cole	.....	.....	M M & Co
Ramsay.....	2767	Muilar	.....	.....	R Bonocini
Calliope.....	154	Price	.....	.....	W & A G & Co
Maros	4151	Adams	.....	.....	K N & Co
Sofala.....	3187	Alexander ...	Calcutta		M M & Co
Kt of ss George...	2964	Dicks	.....	.....	I M & Co
Kohinur	1935	McKinnon ...	Calcutta		T M & Co
Lethington	2854	Millar	.....	.....	W & A & Co
Chindwara	2991	McLean	.....	.....	M M & Co
Corinthia	2334	Miller	.....	.....	A Monohol
Abergeldie	2133	Keith	.....	.....	W & A G & Co
Palatinia	2o2	Stewart	.....	.....	
Surrada.....	1893	Aslatt	.....	.....	M M & Co
Simcom	2373	Collins	.....	.....	K N & Co
Dott	637	Gyemre	.....	.....	Bombay Co
Vyella	2353	Milne	.....	.....	W & A G & Co
Okara	3459	Sharp	.....	.....	M M & Co
Landaura	2157	Butler	.....	.....	M M & Co
Elba	3024	Brahn	.....	.....	H C Joosub
Shirala	3 35	Hartley	.....	.....	M M & Co
Bettersea Bridge...	2173	Berryman ...	.....	.....	W & A G & Co

ARRIVALS.

April.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
2	Bettersea Bridge s.	Burryman ...	Calcutta, March 21
3	Scunder s	Brebner	Mauritius, March 14
	Henzada s	Cunningham	Buseh, March 27

DEPARTURES.

April	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
3	Jerseymoor s	Moffett	Hull
	Nerbudda s	McDiarmed..	Zanzibar, &c
	Clan Sutherland s	Ridgeway ...	Liverpool
	Gisela s	Calafarse....	Calcutta, &c
	Moshtari s.....	Storey	Joddah, &c

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—

Steamer Venetia, for Hamburg, London, &c.
" Henzada, for Chilka, &c.
" Landaura, for Calcutta, &c.
" Henzada, for Persian Gulf via Karachi.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ APRIL 2.

The B I S N Co's s s Bihara, left this morning.

PLYMOUTH, APRIL 2.

The B I S N Co's s s Golconda, arrived this morning.

The Austrin Lloyd's s s Melpomene, from Bombay arrived at Colombo, on the morning of the 3rd instant.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COLONEL E F. NICHOLSON, A. D. C., COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, 4th April.

1. Members who have not already returned their Arms and Equipment to Head-quarters are requested to do so as early as possible.

By Order,
P. G. ROGERS, Major,
Adjutant, B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUTENANT-COLONEL LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 4th April.

1. Leave of absence for 7 months from this date has been granted to Col Sergt Major J P Watson.

2. The following member having resigned has been struck off the strength of the Corps from this date:—Gr T Hopwood

By Order,
G. STODDART, Capt., R. A.
Adjutant, B. V. A.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

Bombay, 4th April.

Members are requested to return without delay to Head-quarters their Arms, Saddlery and accoutrements.

By Order,
T. W. CUFFE, Capt.,
Commanding B. L. H.

DIVINE SERVICE,

PALM SUNDAY, 5TH APRIL.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

6 30 a. m.—Holy Communion.
7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion—Choral—Merbecke.
Hymns—88, 1 6, 537 and 539.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—98, 134 and 97.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis—84-3.
Daily Matins at 6-15 a.m.

Monday, April 6.

6-15 a.m.—Matins.
7-15 a.m.—Holy Communion.
5 p.m.—Evensong.
6 p.m.—Prayer, Address and story of the Cross.

Tuesday, April 7.

6-15 a.m.—Matins.
7-15 a.m.—Holy Communion.
5 p.m.—Evensong.
6 p.m.—The Stabat Mater.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA. (Afghan Memorial Church.)

11 a.m.—Parade Service.
Hymns—99 and 88.
Preacher the Rev. Father Page, S S J E.
8 a.m.—Choral Celebration of the Holy Communion
Hymns—315, 318 and 108.
6 p.m.—Evensong, Choral and Sermon.
Hymns—99, 98 and 94.
Offertories during the day for Choir and Organ Funds.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH. (Church of Scotland.)

11 a.m.—Joint Service.
Psalm—23.
Hymns—1, 9 and 218.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.
Psalm—89.
Hymns—97, 49, and 163.

WESLEYAN CHURCH. (Colaba Causeway.)

8 a.m.—Parade Service. Preacher Rev Edward Gearey.
6 p.m.—Evening Service. Preacher Rev Walter Seed.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6-30 to 9-30 p.m.—Social Hour.

(Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens, Byculla.)

9-30 a.m.—Preacher Rev Walter Seed.
6 p.m.—Preacher Rev Edward Gearey.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.

BOWEN MEMORIAL METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH. (Apollo Bunder.)

9-45 a.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
11 a.m.—Divine Service.
6 p.m.—Divine Service. Preacher Rev. L. E. Linsell.
All Seats free and Strangers cordially invited.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
Hymns—98, 311 and 397.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—98, 99, 236 and 18.

ST. NICHOLAS' SEAMEN'S CHURCH. Opposite the Main Gate of Prince's Dock.

10-30 a.m.—Matins.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
DAILY.
7-30 a.m.—Matins.
7-15 p.m.—Evensong.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

8 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Holy Communion.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon by Rev H McNeile.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
7-30 a.m.—Procession and Choral Eucharist.
10 a.m.—Children's Service.
10-45 a.m.—Matins.
6 p.m.—Evensong (Choral). Preacher Rev Fr Tovey.
Alms for Church Expenses.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
Hymns—93, 98, 311, 159 and 595.
4-45 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—24, 99 and 98.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, PAREL. (Madras Time.)

8 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Eucharist.
8-30 a.m.—Matin.
Hymns—99 and 112.
5-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—98, 93, 91, 13 and 551.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH, BANDRA.

11 a.m.—Matins, Sermon and Celebration of the Holy Eucharist.
Hymns—99, 98 and 334.

THE UNITED FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND. (Waudby Road.)

11 a.m.—Joint Service (St. Andrew's Church.) Rev J Cameron.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Class.
6 p.m.—Evening Service Rev Alex. S Crichton.
Hymns—217, 131, 330 and 527.
Psalm—91 9-12.

ECONOMY

Is secured by despatching packages to the United Kingdom through Latham & Co. whose system of Through Charges is the Perfection of

SIMPLICITY,

Furnishing at a glance the inclusive cost from point of departure to place of delivery, and, as their despatches are made by direct Mail Steamers,

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, APRIL 4, 1903.

A GERMAN BUDDHIST.

UNDER the title of "A German Buddhist" (Luzac and Company, London) Dr. Arthur Pfungst makes known to English readers the interesting personality of Theodor Schultze. This philosopher had a rare independence of character, which led him to act in all matters and at all times with a directness and singleness of purpose not often met with even among the most logical human beings. Schultze was born in 1824, the son of a chemist of Oldenburg in Holstein, and was a precocious child, reading at the age of twelve Homer and Horace with ease. His mind was of the mathematical order, and he would have devoted himself to study in this direction, but to please his father he took up jurisprudence. He passed his examination at Kiel so brilliantly that the University sent a messenger on horseback to congratulate his father. But the President of the Committee advised the youth in a speech not to think too highly of his talents or knowledge. This warning against vain-glory had such an effect upon Schultze that he sank into a deep melancholy, which lasted for years. At the age of 21 he was appointed lawyer to the district court of Schleswig, and quickly rose to better posts till he became counsellor to the Government of Holstein. After the German-Danish war, though he was retained in the Prussian administration, his sense of duty did not allow him to accept office under a new rule until his former sovereign released him from his allegiance. He, therefore, went to Denmark where he was personally released from his oath by King Christian IX. This conscientious visit, far from being approved, brought his dismissal from the Prussian service, with a declaration that he was ineligible for any office under the Prussian Government, and a revocation of his pension. However, though his cogent reasoning in a volume on the succession question in Schleswig-Holstein induced Prussia to pay Oldenburg an indemnity of one million thalers—£150,000—Schultze was again employed as Government Councillor at Kiel, and in 1874 Bismarck wanted him in the Cabinet; Schultze declined for the characteristic reason that "Bismarck would tolerate no *men* around him." He retired from official life in 1888 on account of ill-health, and for the next ten years to the close of his life he devoted himself to literature. When his illness, which was cancer, became grave, and he could no longer eat he would not allow his life to be prolonged by artificial means; he knew he must die of starvation, yet he intermitted nothing of his daily occupations, even inviting guests to his table though he could not share the meal. He would have no pageant at his funeral, no mourning, no clergyman, no tombstone. He lived a self-denying life, and was most charitable to his relations, considering himself his parents' debtor all his days because they had given him a better education than his sisters. This was hardly the sort of man that, as his biographer says, makes a career for himself: he sternly tried to do his duty, and in his last days may be said to have spoken his own epitaph "I have done my duty." It was while seriously ill and running, as it were, a race with death that he hurried through his book and finished it.

Schultze took up the study of philosophy as late as his fifty-fifth year—when our Indian Government holds that man's working life should cease—and at 58 he devoted himself to consider Indian philosophical systems and religious, a study which he never again forsook. He inquired into Buddhism with unabated interest to the day of his death, and though not a Sanskrit scholar, he translated into verse "The Dhammapada," some of the canonical writings of the Buddhists, from Max Muller's English text. This labour certainly proved great earnestness, for he had to search out Buddhistic tenets through the medium of a foreign language, though it cannot be deemed quite as efficacious a method as digging for them in their native tongue. Schultze showed himself a more willing believer in Buddhism at second hand than in Christianity. The last words of his preface to his translation of "The Dhammapada" into German give us the spirit in which he viewed Oriental as distinguished from Western sentiment:—"It is still questionable, whether the view of life, which induced early Buddhists to renounce the world, deviates further from the true one, in that direction, than our complex competition, our unworthy social struggles, the eager, greedy restlessness of our present Babel do in the opposite." His study of the Upanishads and of Anquetil Duperron's translations, "The Oupheknat," led to his embarking on an important literary labour, the burden of which Dr. Pfungst defines thus:—"Whether the culture-value of Christianity or that of Buddhism has been and in all probability will be in the future, the greater as regards mankind." He began this book in 1891, and though it has not yet got beyond the circle of philosophical students, and probably has not been read by many outside his own German philosophic school, his biographer describes it as "a landmark in the religious literature of our time." Schultze had always been drawn to the study of religious questions, he had early doubted the teachings of his youth, and what he found wanting in his conception of Christianity, would, he hoped, be supplied by a study of the Indian religious systems. In his great work he examined Christianity in five aspects, and in discussing one of these, present dogmatic teaching, Schultze speaks contemptuously of "the discordance in the circle of ideas and the way of thinking which one sometimes meets with in individuals, whose brains are, so to speak, divided by a blank wall into two fireproof compartments, the one occupied by the old Christian belief, the other by modern science;] while the happy possessor of such a head takes up his abode in either compartment as circumstances dictate." His study of Christianity is untrammelled by any remnant of filial reverence for the religion into which he was born and in which he was instructed, he views it from a coldly philosophical and critically historical point of view, finding other influences to account quite as satisfactorily for its success in the inculcation of high ideals and its elevation of the standard of human conduct. Dr. Pfungst gives a masterly synopsis of this portion of Schultze's work.

Having disposed to his own satisfaction of his early beliefs, Schultze points out that the Indian philosophical systems and religions may be depended on to show us the right moral path. Buddhism will renew the ethics of the West. The "Eight-fold Noble Path" of Buddha will teach both moral and intellectual self-discipline, will enable weak men to attain perfect peace of mind and self-control. He distinguishes the previously received idea of Buddhism from the actual, and declares the "obdurate European prejudice which insists on making out Buddhism a religion of sorrowful, powerless, and desponding melancholy" to be quite erroneous. For the European "Weltschmerz" is a passion in the Buddhist meaning of the word; a melancholy state of feeling, originating in adverse experiences of life, disappointed hopes, &c.; causing pain, which the person so affected cannot forget, and which thenceforth has the effect of coloured spectacles, tingeing all objects, within the horizon of their wearer. . . . . The Buddhist Muni is anything but a sentimental hypochondriac. . . . . Buddhist pessimism is not the poetry of Weltschmerz but thoroughly sober, prosaic, calm, clear, and practical common sense, which tries to open the eyes of the individual to the fact, that the particular suffering of which he complains and by which he allows himself to be weighed down, is nothing special; that as a rule nobody else fares better than he does, that the burden, which seems unbearable to him, weighs on the whole living world, and that what others accomplish successfully cannot be impossible for him, viz., to accept the inevitable calmly, to clear his heart from desire and passion, to accustom himself to a constant and firm self-control and thereby to make his life as free from suffering as possible while not looking upon inevitable death as the loss of anything worth having." This teaching he might have found in different words in his discarded Christian ethics, and might have judged, from the influence these have exercised during hundreds of years, over generations with whom the love of life and shunning of death and danger are as strong as ever, whether his Indian philosophy will take any deeper root or flourish more triumphantly in the West. Dr. Pfungst distinctly urges that Schultze did not advise European nations to adopt Buddhistic teaching off hand. He took Buddha's sermon at Benares, the Four Great Truths and the Eightfold Noble Path, as fit to be appropriated as "the real nucleus of the Buddhist system," but he rejected many concrete notions that have been incorporated with Buddhism. Of Nirvana he thus speaks: "We do not know and cannot know anything about it, for the simple reason that a thing outside the consciousness cannot be at the same time inside it. But we must believe in it if the existence of our own consciousness is not to become an insoluble enigma, and we are not to come into conflict with the doctrine of contradictions. Even exact physical science cannot rob us of Nirvana as a logically necessary hypothesis." Needless to say Schultze's views provoked strong opposition in Germany. Thoughtful Christians and Sanskrit scholars lectured against his attitude towards Buddhism, and this again drew from him a still more definite adhesion to Buddhist principles in an article which was his last publication on the subject. He died shortly after at the age of 74. Dr. Arthur Pfungst is an ardent admirer of this unique personality, and is determined that his work and his ideas shall not remain in obscurity.

THE LATEST "MAGIC" LANTERN.

FROM the ordinary Magic Lantern which throws enlarged pictures on a screen to the Biograph which reproduces photography and motion was a considerable advance; but the Biograph no longer represents the latest achievement of science in the matter of lantern marvels. The most up-to-date form of the magic lantern is one which does its work without the necessity for picture slides. It takes the actual object and throws its image immensely magnified upon the screen. The statement of this fact at once shows the great practical advantage of the Epidiascope, as it is called, and the limits of its possibilities. The new instrument, for instance, could not take the Delhi Durbar bodily and project it upon a screen, because of obvious difficulties. The Biograph, therefore, in its own particular spere, will not find a rival and a competitor in the Epidiascope. But this new invention is of immense value in the wide field of scientific investigation and demonstration, and enables the lecturer who calls in the aid of the lantern to dispense entirely with the labour and trouble involved in the preparation of slides. An object to be pictured by the Epidiascope is placed on a horizontal stage within the instrument, and the enormously magnified image is projected upon the screen in the natural colours of the object. A watch thus pictured becomes a clock so huge that the hands can be seen moving. A common house fly is seen to be a gigantic and amazing creature, for the new lantern shows up much more than is seen through an ordinary microscope. The Epidiascope is, therefore, a most valuable aid to science, and because of its importance in this respect the first instrument of the kind to be seen in London is in the possession of the Royal Medical and Chirurgical Society. The new invention is manufactured at the Zeiss works at Jena, and has been applied with great advantage at the medical colleges in Germany. In medical work it enables a thorough examination to be made of a morbid growth, while the lecturer who desires to exhibit a map, view, chart, or picture on the screen has no longer to have transparencies prepared. If the picture or chart happens to be contained in a book all the lecturer need do is to open the book at the particular page and place it in the apparatus. For the purpose of the working of this wonderful instrument intense light and a constant stream of cooling water are necessary. The light emitted by the crater of the positive carbon after falling upon the parabolic mirror of the lamp is reflected in the shape of a pencil, and after passing through the cooling chamber which is filled with water, strikes another mirror, and is thence reflected obliquely through a diaphragm and upon the object placed immediately below. The light is then diffusely reflected upwards, and the cone of rays after meeting the erecting mirror is finally reflected upon the screen. A search light lamp produces the illumination, and the carbons are so arranged that the crater of the most intensely incandescent carbon is turned towards a german silver reflector. Such is the technical description of the process by which the latest magic lantern does its work, but for the man in the street it will be sufficient to know that Science has added another to the means which minister to his enlightenment and enable him to see things as they are. In the sphere of medical work the Epidiascope is a complement to the Rontgen ray apparatus.

THE AMERICAN MARATHI MISSION.

THE report of the American Marathi Mission shows that the organisation has now 41 missionaries of whom 34 are on the field. Missionaries reside at eight principal stations, while these with 142 out-stations require 584 helpers. Though the record is of necessity incomplete and fragmentary, says the compiler, he aims at presenting such facts and experiences as shall serve to interest and inform the Board and those concerned in missionary work in India. If, he adds, we were to characterise the work of the past year and the present situation in one word, that word would be "opportunity." It appears that the results of years of sowing are being reaped now. On every hand there are openings for work for which the present staff of workers finds itself utterly insufficient. The extension of the work in all districts, and the manners in which it is broadening in each station, make continually larger demands upon those who have the supervision of it. The work and progress and the mission may be judged by the figures given in the report. It possesses 58 churches, 25 pastors, 29 preachers, 30 Bible readers, 109 Bible-women, 16,163 communicants (of whom 3,041 are men and 3,122 women), 4,568 baptised children, 3,596 catechumens—a total of 14,327 in the community. Mr. Lamb, Collector of Ahmednagar, in a letter to Dr. Hume expressed the official opinion of the American Mission, when he said:—"The development of high-class secular education, of medical work, and especially of industrial training, are matters of which the heartiest appreciation can be unreservedly expressed."

THE PROFESSIONAL TRAINING OF OFFICERS.

IN the House of Commons, the other day, Mr. Brodrick made an important statement as to the professional training of officers. The scheme provides that in each unit a universal course of training shall be prescribed, and certain months devoted to practical field training. Three senior officers of each unit will classify their officers into two classes, according to their general efficiency, their power of training and leading men, and the state of their companies or squadrons. A plan will be introduced under which a subaltern would be made responsible for half a company, or in the cavalry of a troop, and he will be classified either as efficient or as indifferent. It will be possible for the three senior officers to bring before the brigadier the name of any officer of exceptional merit for special or accelerated promotion. In such cases a wide knowledge of languages will not be forgotten. It will be proposed that the brigadier, or the general officer commanding the army corps, shall by practical examination, test the practical power of any man in the field who had been appointed to the command of a unit, and there will be a system of winter study with examinations conducted regimentally, but under the superintendence of an officer with military knowledge from headquarters. These tests will take the place of the present A. and B. examinations which have been condemned as practically worthless for promotion.

WIDENING THE WICKET.

AT the annual meeting of the Scarborough cricket Club the other day, Lord Hawke and Mr. F. S. Jackson referred to the proposal to widen the wicket. Mr. Jackson gave it as his opinion that any alteration in the law in the direction of widening the wicket was unnecessary and inadvisable in the best interests of the game. Should such a course be resolved upon, he thought it only fair that full opportunity should be given to the players of ascertaining what would be its full effect before it was laid down in black and white for ever. With regard to the proposal itself, he thought such an alteration would have a tendency to slacken interest rather than increase it. Spectators did not want to see a player go in and come out again; they wanted to see good scoring. Moreover, what was required was to finish the games, and, to his mind, the best solution to the problem would be for the players to devote themselves more to improving their fielding. Lord Hawke, in the course of his speech, said that it had been remarked that if the tea interval was abolished, and players observed punctuality in a greater measure than at present, there would be no need to widen the wicket. He disagreed most emphatically with this argument. So many prominent cricketers have expressed similar views in this direction that we are inclined to doubt if the proposed alteration will ever pass the experimental stage.

HIS LORDSHIP the Bishop of Bombay and Mrs. McArthur left Bombay for Mahableshwar by the mail train yesterday.

THE death occurred at Allahabad, on Wednesday, of Mr. R. C. Strachey of the United Provinces Police, Mr. Strachey, as Personal Assistant to the Inspector-General, accompanied Mr. Billings to Allahabad three weeks ago, when he was prostrated by typhoid fever of a very severe type, so much so that almost from the first the case admitted of little hope. Mr. Strachey's death is a loss to his service, of which he was, for his standing, one of the most capable members. He was a brother of Mr. Theodore Strachey the new President of the Upper India Chamber of Commerce, and a cousin of the late Chief Justice Sir Arthur Strachey, whose death from the same fell disease is still a painfully recent memory.

THE Municipalities of the United Provinces will probably be agreeably surprised to read what the local Government has just said about them in its review

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

ENGLAND AND PORTUGAL.

KING EDWARD AT LISBON.

A CORDIAL RECEPTION.

LONDON, APRIL 2.

The King has arrived at Lisbon, where he had a most cordial reception.

Portuguese and Spanish warships met the Royal Flotilla off the Tagus, and escorted it riverwards. It anchored off the City, where it was met by King Carlos on board a Royal Galley manned by eighty oarsmen.

LONDON, APRIL 3.

After an interview lasting an hour and a half aboard the Yacht King Carlos conducted King Edward ashore in his Galley.

His Majesty was received with tremendous cheering.

Even the roofs of the houses were packed with spectators.

After the presentation of the Ministers and notabilities the Royal party proceeded to the Necessidades Palace in ancient State coaches and received an ovation along the whole of the route.

The city was illuminated in the evening.

In both Houses of the Cortes representatives of all parties made cordial references to the visit, recalling the ancient friendship existing beween the two countries. They then adjourned.

THE KAISER AT COPENHAGEN.

INTERCHANGE OF ROYAL COURTESIES.

The Kaiser has arrived at Copenhagen on a visit to King Christian who welcomed him in the heartiest manner. King Christian appointed the Kaiser a Danish Admiral and the Emperor William appointed Prince Waldemar a la suite of the German Navy. A Court dinner was given in the evening when the most cordial toasts were exchanged.

THE STATE OF CHINA.

U. S. NAVAL SQUADRON INCREASED.

Owing to alarming reports as to the situation in China the United States are reinforcing their Asiatic Squadron by three cruisers.

THE OUTBREAK IN THE BALKANS.

RUSSIAN CONSUL SHOT.

ALBANIAN SENTRY'S OFFENCE.

LONDON, APRIL 2.

M. Stcherbina, the Russian Consul at Mitrovitza, accompanied by a Turkish escort, visited the Batteries when the fighting was over, and an Albanian sentinel deliberately fired at M. Stcherbina, seriously wounding him in the back. Soldiers shot down the sentry, wounding him mortally.

The Sultan sent his surgeon to attend M. Stcherbina, and his Vizier expressed regrets to M. Zinovieff, the Russian Ambassador.

BALLOON ACCIDENT AT BUDAPEST.

THREE MEN FATALLY INJURED.

While a balloon was being prepared for an ascent at Budapest it suddenly broke away, carrying two well known politicians and two officers in the car. One of the party leaped and fell on the roof of a factory and is dying. Another rent the balloon which crashed to the ground. Two of the occupants were fatally injured, and the fourth was seriously injured.

THE SOMALILAND CAMPAIGN.

FIGHTING NEAR DAMOT.

ENEMY'S HEAVY LOSSES.

A mobile column under Colonel Sharpe had a fight south of Damot on 29th March. The enemy offered an obstinate resistance, and lost 27 men killed and 400 camels captured. There were no British casualties.

The recent driving operations resulted in 40 of the enemy being killed and 1,000 camels and 2,500 sheep captured.

BOER IRRECONCILABLES IN CEYLON.

TO PROCEED TO JAVA.

Mr. Chamberlain is communicating with Sir J. West Ridgeway concerning the Boer irreconcilables in Ceylon There is reason to believe that they will shortly be allowed to proceed to Java.

THE MAILS.

LONDON APRIL 3.

The Bombay Mails of the 21st ultimo arrived at Brindisi yesterday.

THE IRISH LAND BILL.

MR. FINUCANE'S APPOINTMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 24.

Mr. Finucane, who is to be offered one of the three appointments in the Estates Commission if the Irish Land Bill passes through Parliament, goes home by the Peninsula, on the 11th instant, on six months' leave. Of course, his return to India depends on the fate of the Bill.

THE LATE SIR NARENDRA KRISHNA.

RAISING OF A MEMORIAL.

CALCUTTA, APRIL 3,

At a public meeting held in the Town Hall this evening, presided over by the Lieutenant-Governor, it was resolved to raise a suitable memorial to commemorate the public services of the late Maharajah Sir Nurendra Krishna, and invite subscriptions for the purpose.

DEATH OF A SALT DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL.

The death occurred, at St. George's Hospital, yesterday, of Mr. Clive Henry Thackeray Bateman, Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, Bombay. The deceased was a brother of Mr. F. C. O. Beaman Sessions Judge of Poona, who is at present in Europe on furlough. He joined the Salt Department in 1897, was subsequently transferred to the Customs, and recently appointed back to the Salt Department, in which he was very lately made an Assistant Collector. A few days ago he was taken ill with a bronchial affection, which necessitated his removal to St. George's Hospital yesterday. The deceased, who had only just passed thirty, was an exceedingly popular member of the service to which he belonged, and he will be much missed.

THE BIOGRAPH IN BOMBAY.

There will be two exhibitions of the Biograph Pictures at the Novelty Theatre to-day, one at 5 p.m and the other at the usual hour this evening. As the present appearance of the Biograph was but for one week the show will close to-night and the public will not have another opportunity of seeing the remarkable reproductions of the Delhi Durbar Scenes.

THE WEATHER ON THE FRONTIER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, APRIL 3.

As showing the severity of the weather on the frontier it may be noticed that as late as the middle of March in Toba Achakzai in the Quetta Peshin district a number of local tribesmen were snowed up and were rescued only with difficulty, and after undergoing great sufferings.

DEATH OF A BANK OFFICIAL.

Mr. Donald Moorhead of the Alliance Bank of Rawalpindi died at the Walker Hospital here yesterday of liver disease. His funeral last night was largely attended, Major Moorhead, the father of the deceased, being an old and respected Simla resident.

McMAHON'S DELIMITATION COMMISSION.

Major McMahon's Delimitation Commission is now on the Persian side of the Seistan border, where the Persian Commissioner, the Yamin-i-Nizam, is co-operating cordially.

MOVEMENT OF TROOPS.

SIMLA, APRIL 3.

The following moves have been ordered to be carried out as soon as possible in connection with the reorganisation of the Hyderabad Contingent:—Second Hyderabad Contingent Infantry to rail to Poona; 5th Infantry by rail to Aurangabad; and 6th Infantry to move by road and rail to Bolaram. At the same time the 17th Bombay Infantry proceed from Poona to Bombay; a wing of the 9th Bombay Infantry goes from Bombay to Ahmedabad; and a wing of the 15th Bombay Infantry from Bombay to Baroda.

I. M. S. OFFICERS' POSTINGS.

The following political Postings of the Indian Medical Service officers are gazetted:—Captain P. Kilkelly to be Residency Surgeon, Nepal; Captain J. Hago to be Agency Surgeon, Bhopawar; and Captain W. Lethbridge to be Agency Surgeon, Maskat.

RESIDENT AT JAIPUR.

Lieutenant-Colonel Peare from furlough is gazetted Resident at Jaipur, where he relieves Mr. Cobb, who proceeds on leave.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS

SIMLA, APRIL 3.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

1st G. I. P. Railway Volunteers—Major Sargant to be Lieut-Colonel.

Bambay Volunteer Rifles.—Captain Dunlop to be major.

Poona Volunteer Rifles Lieut Norman to be Captain.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Pudumji official is as Comptroller, Hyderabad, vice Newman on eighteen months' leave.

Mr. Whymper has been appointed. Officiating Postmaster General Bombay.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Major R. B. Berkeley has been granted sixteen months' leave.

Captain A. G. Canneerman has been appointed to officials as political Agents Kolah and Jhalawar.

REMISSION OF TAXATION IN NATIVE STATES.

CHIEF OF KURUNDWAD'S ACTION.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

BIJAPUR, APRIL 3.

The remission of taxation by Lord Curzon in British territory has already given an impetus to the native chiefs. The first in field is the Honourable Balasaheb Patwardhan, Chief of Kurundwad. The Chief has been staying at Tikota an isolated part of his State near Bijapur. The province is just emerging from the terrors of six successive famines, during which the chief did his best to mitigate the stress by the expenditure of large sums on relief and other work. The people took the opportunity of the Chief's presence in Tikota this week to present him with an address full of expressions of gratitude. Thousand of ryots assembled including their leaders. The chief replied in a speech lasting an hour and was much moved by the evident affection of his subjects. He announced a remission of revenue to the extent of twenty thousand rupees for Tikota taluka alone He has also arranged to advance loans to the poor ryots at very moderate interest to save them from the sowyars clutches, the payment of interest not to be pressed for. In the address the ryots had expressed perfect satisfaction with the Chief's local officers and requested rewards to be given them. In accordance with this request the Chief awarded splendid prizes to the officials and deserving ryots.

In concluding his speech the Bala Saheb dwelt at length on the duties of the rulers and the ruled and reminded the ryots that in making demands they should look to the ability of the rulers to meet them. The rulers would act like parents if the ryots behaved like obedient children. The Chief paid a glowing tribute to the British rule and said the peace, prosperity, education and other blessings they enjoyed were owing to the liberal British rule. The days for using arms of metal were gone but mental arms had been left to them. It would be the duty of the chiefs if they neglected them. The greatest blood of the greatest number should be the motto. The chief then dwelt in detail upon what he proposed to do in the immediate future. Most of the professions he said were all already congested, Agriculturers in the absence of scientific improvements was not promising. The therefore propose shortly the open technical schools and workshops in allparts of the state so as to reach even the lowest strata of society. Concluding the Sirdar premised to do his best during his life time and exorted his subjects to cooperate with him and help his in loyally after wards.

The speech moved all the cools who heartily promised loyal devotion.

The whole affairs was very simple and inostentations but clearly evenced the mutual affection subsisting between the Chief and the ryots

The proceedings terminated with three cheers for the Emperor.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

APRIL 2.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN—Via Teheran. Perfect Via Turkey Perfect Via Suez. perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE—Via Teheran, Perfect. Via Turkey perfect. Via Suez perfect.

AMERICA—Via Brest perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

CHINA,—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect, Via Shanno, perfect.

AFRICA—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadis Teneriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon, St. Vincent, perfect.

Cable Cayenne Pinheiros interrupted.

Cable Guantanamo Mole St Nicholas interrupted.

Cable Puerto Plata Martinique interrupted.

Cables Dominique Martinique. St. Lucia Martinique Guadaloupe Martinique. St. Lucia, St. Vincent, interrupted.

Telegrams will be conveyed frequently by steamers.

Cable communication with Martinique is open via Lisbon and Cadis.

Telegrams can only be accepted at sender's risk.

Cable addresses should not be used.

Cable Paramaribo Cayenne Interrupted.

Cable Zanzibar Mombasa interrupted.

Private Telegrams for offices in the Interior or nicaragua and Costa Rica may again be accepted but at senders risk.

Telegrams for Dominica are subject to censorship.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 3 p.m. of the 3rd April, 1903.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	31	12	30 p m	2	31
Teheran	31	2	30 p m	2	31
Suez	31	2	45 p m	0	19

The occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 3 p.m. 3rd April 1903.

	Maximum Time H.	M.	Minimum Time, H.	M.
From Calcutta	3	38	0	1
" Karachi	0	31	0	2
" Madras	1	21	0	8

The statement that the late Sir Hector Macdonald left everything to his widow is by no the least premature. When Sir Hector left India for South Africa, he made a will which he left in custody of Messrs. William Watson & Co., of Bombay his agents. By them the will was forwarded home to Sir Hector's executors by last mail.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

THE PASSING OF THE LONG SKIRT.

A NEW PROFESSION FOR WOMEN.

TEACHING THE DEFECTIVE.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MARCH 13.

At last the long skirt is consenting to forgo a little of its length; gowns are being made with distinctly shorter skirts, whilst the regular short walking-skirt is no longer a neglected new mode. The unwilling who have hitherto turned away unconvinced from the comfortable short walking-skirt are now ordering it for their morning constitutional, for the country, &c., and wondering as themselves for their former diffidence. But undoubtedly the pleated formation has something to do with this change of front: it is not entirely that they have got gradually accustomed to the idea of the shorter effect. A short skirt pleated is a very much smarter-looking thing that a short skirt plain, and the fashionable pleatings are also, the cause of the lessening the length of the long skirt. Much length does not look well in the pleated build of skirt. Sometimes, when it is not the case of a tailor material but something soft or silky, the skirt is gathered instead of pleated on to the yoke formation; which is the inevitable feature of the new type of skirt. Along with the gathered edition of the yoke skirt a very modish little bolero bodice with small tabs of narrow gallon piped with panne, and a little panne cravat and a pretty manoeuvring down the fronts and at the wrists of guipure lace and panne, the latter (along with some silk matching the frock) forming bristling little frills at both points. The wide waistband is of silk, with buttons covered with embroidered galloon. This frock would be effective carried out in a reseda-green fabric, with silk exactly corresponding and panne a hint darker.

The passion for pretty dangles and tassels has given rise to the prettiest things for summer frocks, formed with embroidered galloons and of lace. Undoubtedly these charming "motifs" will be the notable feature of all the voiles and crepes de chine and laundry other stuffs of the summer; and not only are we finding these ready-made galloons and "motifs" in the millinery department of the nice shops, but the dressmaker and tailors will when arranging the galloon trimmings of a costume manoeuvre the galloon also into "motifs" to match, and the scheme will be very pleasing, cleverly carried out with sweet little tassels of the colours of the embroidery silks, and other little details. These galloons are influencing the satin linings of our little coats. A galloon, for example, with pink prominent seems to dictate a pale pink satin lining, and very often a pretty and expensive galloon is used to adorn the inside of the fronts of the coat, and this although it is not modish just now to have coat fronts turned back to reveal all their adornments. All the modish little coats are made so that they may fasten up the fronts, although they are so often as not worn unfastened, but not, however, turned back. These fronts falling loose give just a fascinating peep now and again of the rich and pretty galloon, and just such a hint is more fascinating than the obvious ness of the turned-back coat, that seemed positively to advertise one's coat-facing. A long cream cloth coat seen the other day gave glimpses of a quite lovely facing of cerise velvet and galloon. There was just the merest hint of the cerise velvet on the outside of the coat (a little flat collar at the neck), and it charmed one far more than would have done a reveral of the order. That coat was altogether fascinating, the soft, chalky cream of the cloth with fine lace insertions, the vivid hint of cerise at the neck, and the occasional peeps of a rich vivid facing. These cream cloth coats that are still such a charming feature of present day modishness are not in the least heavy wraps: indeed, the cloths are so soft and light, and lined with such soft satins, that they form wraps of so light an order that they should keep in evidence the summer through. Last year, these coats were seen till quite late in the summer, and they were distinctly heavier than those of this year. Champagne-coloured cloth is, of course, newer than cream colour for these coats, and to some may be equally becoming, but cream cloth makes a better day or evening coat than the other, and may be worn better with various frocks.

Since women by necessity and inclination have taken to business, their correct gowning has risen to the dignity of a problem. The woman who seeks a position in any large city gives as much consideration to her wardrobe as to her credentials She sternly turns her back upon farbelows and evening frocks, and thinks first of the gown in which she will present herself before her future employers. Whether the business woman wears a pedestrian skirt, or one that rests, depends entirely upon the line of work she enters. The same condition regulates the matter of material and colours. It is not to be thought, however, that the business woman of to-day yields one jot of her femininity. She has mastered the art of softening the tailored suit to meet her needs. She is stylish, because she is appropriately dressed: smart, because she fits perfectly into the picture of the business world. Nothing will bring out the graceful lines of a good figure like a well-made tailors uit; and the busines woman who is wise will never economise on the suit that she expects to wear every day. One of the most successful women in the City insists that every business woman should have two smart suits—one in rough tweeds, for hard wear; and of smooth cloth, correctly tailored and relieved by a suggestion of trimming, to wear whenshe has an appointment of exceptional importance when she desires to secure a hearing with those in high places. One of the smartest gowns to be worn this spring would be equally becoming to both tweed and cloth or women. It is trim at the waist-line with a neat leather-boned belt, and is given the necessary wide-shouldered effect by the newest triple cape. A gorgeous bit of colour is introduced in the trimming bands of Russian embroidery, in which silver predominates. While clothes do not make the woman any more than they do the man, they sometimes exert a desirable influence in the right direction.

Another successful woman is a firm believer in the pedestrian skirt for the office, and insists upon all her employees adopting the same style. In winter she wears obie tailored, suits in rough cloth or tweed, with severe shirts. In summer she wears white piqué, but the skirt escapes the ground by several inches. The advantage of this style is without question to the girl who has to sit several hours at a typewriter or a desk after coming from a railway journey or a walk through inclement or really bad weather. The pedestrian skirt is undoubtedly slowly butsurely coming into favour with the sensible business girls. The woman who buys a good pedestrian costume should not let the good work stop with this. She should follow it up with a petticoat of exactly the right lenght, to be worn with the outside skirt, trim walking boots, and a hat that is marked by good lines and smart bows rather than by coquettish trimming of any sort. A tawdrey, overtrimmed hat will kill the effect of a ten-guinea suit. The shirt, too, should be equally simple and severe, but relieved at the neck by a smart and immaculate stock or collar. Shirts made with slot seam and broad box-pleats are among the novelties of the season, and are particularly suitable for business wear. A slight variation of the severe type maybe obtained by the use of the wide vertical tucksand the Hungarian sleeves.

The smart woman who goes into business for herself regards her frocks as advertising and stamping her establishment. She therefore chooses them with the same care that she exercises in selecting her stock or decorating her rooms. A modiste who builds gowns for half the "smart set" appears before her patrons clad in pure white, broadcloth clinging silk or lawn, according to the season. Her gowns train at some length. As she caters for the set that wears frills, the tresses accordingly Many of the leading retailers now employ, wome, buyers and heads of the costume, millinery and lingerie departments. These women rank among the most correctly gowned in the metropolis. When they appear in their departments they were block gowns of a simple yet masterly style. A touch of white is missible in the bodice, but bright colours are never worn during business hours. Broadcloth, crepe de Chine, and soft silks are popular fabrics with women who hold such positions. Women who hold responsible positions with fashionable firms are expected to visit at regular intervals where society meets, and a good share of their salaries goes for dresses to be worn on such occasions, to the race meeting, the Opera, the theatre, the smartest restaurants, they are seen by their firms. Women usually of fine figure and commanding presence, they frequently favour the long-skirted coat, for so many years sacred to silk and satin and velvet. The tailor method of treating this coat, made fashionable centuries ago by the flippant French King, is severe to a degree. The body and skirt are entirely plain, save for much line-stitched pleats and tiny tabs, tassels and buttons. The perfect tailor finish of the belt, collar and tabs is achieved by feather-stoning the edges, neatly, of course, under the lining. The shirt worn with this coat is plain, except for two simulated box-pleats on the front seam.

While Dr. Lorenz, the famous surgeon, has been arousing the admiration of both hemispheres by straightening the limbs of crippled children, other benefactors of humanity are straightening their minds of mentally unbalanced little ones. An entirely new system has been developed in educating children who are mentally defective. There are the children who are supposed described as "ordinary," and not quite right. There are thousands of children through to the country who are so far abnormal that the ordinary school is not fitted for their education. Two out of every thousand children are said to be so constituted that they are unfit to make their living if educated in the ordinary way; but out of these two in a thousand, one-third are capable of being turned into useful citizens if they receive a special scientific training. The London School Board have for some time past recognised this potent fact, and have several centres where children are drafted after proper medical examination, and given to the care of teachers specially trained in kindergarten exercise It is a vocation that especially appeals to the sympathies of women; and a few—and an increasing number—of highly educated and cultured ladies have turned their attention to this system of teaching as a source of livelihood.

An infinite patience and an overwhelming pity and sympathy for these poor mental waifs of the substratum of society are two essentials for success in the work. The School Board, doubtless realising this, have decided to accept the Higher Kindergarten Certificate so that teachers other than those who have passed through the usual School Board curriculum are eligible for this noble and patriotic work. These defective children lead a miserable life if sent to ordinary schools. Most of them are so backward that they become a laughing stock among their comrades; others are abnormally timid while others are excessively mischievous. A typical children, if their minds are not corrected, grow up miserable, ignorant, useless, perhaps even criminal men and women. Science has at last stepped in and shown how these children may be turned into bright boys and girls and made useful members of society. Peaty, Practically all atypical children have some physical defect. A large proportion of them have one side of the body larger than the other, or some other part under developed or over developed. An equal number of them suffer from some obstruction of the nose and throat, such as adanoid growths, which cause a constant irritation, and render continued mental application and concentration impossible. Many suffer from defects of the eyes and hearing, which make it impossible for them to understand what is going on at the Ordinary school, where they gain an unjust reputation for lezines and stupidity. Still other have such a deficient supply of blood to the brain that cannot pay continued attention to lessons.

Ancessential part of this system of education is to treat the physica defect that accompanies the mental one. The scientific theory holds that when specific sense organs are affected the only thing necessary is to cure those defects, provided they are curable. The fitting of glasses to a child may prove to be a cure for bad temper: and the best cure for lying may be an improvement of the digestion. The medical faculty has long since discovered that eye defects of various kinds, nasal troubles, catarrh of the throat, and also of the stomach, adenoid vegetations, etc. are a frequent source of mental and moral derangements, even of epilepsy and similar disturbances. An eminent pathologist had written that "central derangements, which manifest itself in functional disease, is fundamental Teachers should understand that unwillingness to study and a decided preference for miscnievousness do not necessarily mean that the child is the incarnation of original sin, or that he is possessed of the devil. It is quite evident that unless the brain has sufficient nourishment it cannot develop. The flesh is flabby, the blood pressure is low, the blood is not up to the standard, and the heart fails to do the necessary pumping. The whole matter of driving the blood to the brain depends on the contraction of the vasomotor system. Every emotion, every physical exertion, rests on the blood pressure You can with proper instruments find the difference in blood pressure as the result of outward stimulus. Sometimes certain nerves fail to react, and then you have sluggishness of circulation and the necessary result in the development of the brain. You find that in the case of the insane, if you can stimulate the circulation, the mental power is sometimes increased without anything more.

CYCLING AT HOME

LONDON, MARCH, 13.

One must carry their minds many years back to remember such a favourable opening Winter as the one just closing. The wheelmen of the southern counties have been especially favoured, rain and snow having been experienced in but small quantities quite unexceptionable on the usual winters. Thus, the roads being good for the greater portion of the "off" season, the number of cyclists seen awheel has far exceeded the average of winter riders, and on many a Saturday or Sunday the whirl of the wheel has been as frequent as on a day in mid-summer. Such a remarkable opening with the majority of cyclists the pastime never seems to pall. However much they ride, the bicycle always seems to exercise the same amount of attraction for them, and it is this feature that accounts for the phenomenal growth that has marked the rise of the cycling era.

The question has been raised in "The Field" as to whether a motorist can be held responsible for any damage that may be caused through his car slipping on the greasy road. They "Cyclist" commenting on the subject, holds that a motorist is more responsible than with the owners of a dog whose ferocity has brought every cyclist, or a driver of a runaway horse that runs amuck. Anyone meeting with an accident through either of these causes is entitled at law to prove that the owner of the dog or the driver of the horse had been guilty of contributory negligence. A most different thing todo. Continuing "The Cyclist "states" that as motor cars under certain conditions are liable to slip until although Dunlop non-slipping tread, and as Parliament has given them the right to exist on the road just as do dogs and horses, other folks must make the best of their little idiosyncracies."

Every cyclist will sympathize with the cyclist who figured as plaintiff in a running down case at the Manchester County Court, and who lost his case although with a good deal of evidence was in his favour. He had been run over by a motor car and sought to recover compensation for injuries received. The accident occured at a point where the road was under repair, a clear stretch being left for the traffic sufficiently wide for vehicles to pass along at the same time. The wheelman, entered one as the carriage entered the other. The coachman made no effort to pull up and before the cyclist could dismount he was run over. The four "ladies" inside instructed the coachman to drive on and left the cyclist without even so much as enquiring as to his injuries. The judge dismissed the case on the grounds that the cyclist should have lifted his machine out of danger. But why so? Is not a cycle a carriage in the eye of the law, and was it not the duty of the policeman to pull up as much as it was the cyclist's place to get out of the way?

Diego Conelli, the well-known Italian racing man, has started this season very unfortunately by meeting with a nasty fall whilst training at the Buffalo track, Paris. He was picked up with a broken collar bone, and, therefore, must say good bye to the track for some weeks. The accident is most unfortunate for Conelli, who is amongst the top fliers at the sprinting game, since he had only arrived the day before the accident from Algeria, where he had been training to get fit early, and was due to race on Paris on the day following.

At the Vallon des Fleurs Velodrome, Nice, a very large crowd assembled to witness the struggle for the Grand Prix de Nice, for which such well-known fliers as Meyer, Heller, Dargis, Grogna, and Chevalier competed. Meyer, the German, who raced so well at the Alexandra, Paris track, accounted for first position, jumping in the last few yards, and beating Grogna by half a wheel, Heller was third and Darragon fourth.

The Report of the Cyclists' Touring Club for the year ending 31st December, 1902, appears in this month's issue of the Gazette, and shows that the balance of assets over liabilities is now £35,690 18s. 10d., the profit on the year working being £1,122 18s. 7d. This is satisfactory so far as it goes, since since 1901 showed a loss, but the officials must not be too much elated that the profit is derived from curtailment of expenses and not to the growth of the club, as in 1902 there was a fall in revenue and a further reduction in the membership roll. Certainly it is satisfactory to show a profit, but the siegerbread is robbed of much of the gilt when it is considered in this manner. How to increase the membership is the question with which the officials have to grapple. Last year there was a falling off of 6,313 and in their estimate for the current year the finance committee allows for a further decrease of over 5,000. The Council, however, believe the corner to have now been turned and the falling off arrested. Of course, we all know that such a happy state of affairs must occur someday, but has the Council ever troubled itself to find out the reason why the falling away has continued so long? Of this we have our doubts.

The motor cycle match between Maurice Fournier and Charles Barden for £1,000, which was down for decision last Saturday at Canning Town track, had to be postponed owing to the bad weather, the track being too wet for the match to be run in safety. The race, however, decided last evening, before some 6,000 spectators, and resulted in a hollow win for Fournier, who easily won the first three out of five matches. Fournier also made an attempt to beat the five and ten miles record standing to the credit of Mr. Chase, but only succeeded in improving on the six and seven miles' time by two seconds in each instance.

Some time last year it was suggested at a certain rural district council meeting in Ireland that a road in their district was sadly in need of repair, but the proposal was hotly opposed and defeated. One gentleman in his opposition speech said, that the road was quite good enough for farmers as that they did not want "galoots in motor cars and goboys on bicycles in the neighbourhood." This gentleman has now joined the great majority, having lost his death in an accident caused by the wheels of his cart catching in one of the ruts in the very road complained of.

The agents of Cassini have not only the cycle thief to contend with, but also lamp pilferers. Numerous complaints have been made to the police that when cyclists have left their machines for a few minutes the lamps have disappeared on their return. One man has been charged on requisition, and now stands under remand.

The date of the great motor shows will be held at the Agricultural Hall, from March 21st to 28th, there being nearly three hundred exhibitors, and practically every known make of motor-car will be on view. A feature of the heavy motor vehicles and tradesmen's vans. The demand for space has been so great that the two or three annexes of the Hall have had to be thrown open, and many applications to exhibits have been refused. Though the exhibition seem hardly time to spend the honeymoon now held at the Crystal Palace, it will be fully representative in every way,

NEWS IN ADVANCE OF THE MAIL.

RUSSIA AND SCANDINAVIA.

The latest Australian papers, received in Colombo contain the following telegrams:—A secret note last year from Russia required Scandinavia to enter into an alliance or code a part of Norrland in North Sweden. Scandinavia refused, but fears of the Russian menace induced Norway to provide for the mobilisation of troops, and the kingdom is filled with consternation.

THE SITUATION IN THE BALKANS.

AUSTRO-RUSSIAN COMPACT.

The Hungarian Premier has assured the Diet that if the Macedonia revolutionists persisted, Austria and Russia would make no effort to prevent Turkey repressing the movement.

French advices from St. Petersburg foreshadow a secret Austro-Russian agreement to provisionally occupy Turkish Servia and Macedonia if the Sultan fails to carry out reforms.

The insurgents are sheltered by the inhabitants and are informed of the movements of the troops whose operations have been hindered for a month by snow and torrential rains.

THE FAMINE IN FINLAND.

But for an American contribution of £25,000 the Finland famine mortality would be terrible. About 100,000 people depend upon outside relief.

A REVOLT IN PORTUGAL.

The inhabitants of Coimbra in Portugal revolted against the collection of rates. The soldiers were called out and serious fighting ensued, eight people being killed and many wounded.

GERMAN EMIGRATION TO AFRICA.

The German Government has voted £15,600 to assist farmers to emigrate to South and West Africa and has also arranged to advance loans.

MR. CARNEGIE'S GENEROSITY.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie has presented a park of nine acres to the St. Andrews University.

THE ARREST OF MR. WHITAKER WRIGHT.

Mr. Whitaker Wright was traced to Paris by bank notes changed en route, and thence to New York whither he travelled by the La Lorraine and was there arrested and is now awaiting extradition.

CANADA'S NEED OF EMIGRANTS.

The Lolly-Brownell Syndicate undertakes to establish 50,000 British emigrants on Ontario farms.

DEPARTURE OF THE TRANSPORT ASSAYE.

The Hired Transport Assaye, Captain E. B Dowell, R. N. R., will sail to-day, for Southampton, with details comprising 51 officers, 22 ladies, 30 children, 906 non-commissioned officers and men 58 women and 117 children.

Details from Deolali, with their baggage, were railed in Bombay in three extra trains, as follows:—The first train, with a portion of details from Deolali, about 3 Officers and 100 men (including the usual Ration Party and Gate Guard), all lying-down cases, all families and the heavy baggage, left Deolali at 9-0 p.m. on 2nd inst and arrived at the Sassoon Dock at 6-0 a.m. yesterday morning. The Second train, with 3 Officers and 200 men left Deolali at 10-0 a.m. on the 2nd instand and arrived at the Sassoon Dock at 7-10 a.m. yesterday morning. The remainder of the details, about 3 Officers and 443 men left Deolali at 9-0 p.m. last night and arrive at the Sassoon Dock at 6-0 a.m. to-day.

The troops and baggage were embarked as they arrived.

The following are the names of the officers:—

Lieut-Col and Mrs F J Jenkins, R A M C
Bt-Major H W McMahon, R Welsh Fusrs
Major G J N Logan Howe, Bedford Regt
Major and Mrs F S D Skinner and 4 children, R Sussex Regt
Major and Mrs T E Campton and child, Northampton
Major and Mrs Carson and 6 children, Retired List
Capt and Mrs H Rudd, and 2 children, A O Corps
Capt and Mrs E D Steel and child, R A M C
Capt and Mrs R A L Howell 2 children, R A M C
Capt E L Tomkins, R A
Capt F G Byrne-Connaught Rangers
Capt and Mrs C O Halliday, R E
Hon Capt and Mrs W C Reader 2 children, Q O S and M
Capt E P Connolly, R A M C
Capt and Mrs M Colean and 2 children, Ord Dept
Hon Capt and Mrs R S Todd
Hon Capt and Mrs Smith, Last Lieut W Drysdale, 1st Scots
Lieut and Qr Mr and Mrs Jhelger and 3 children, Scottish Rifles
Vety-Lieut A C Wilson, A V Dept
Lieut W Santhony, A V Dept
Lieut G Wilkinson, R E
Lieut and Mrs C H S Dashwood, R Rifles
Lieut D C Herbert, A and S Highlanders
Lieut F G Willan, K R R Corps
Lieut Lord A K Farnham, Irish Guards
Lieut Lord T Mathew, Indian Army
Lieut M B Savage, S Staffordshire Regt
Lieut R F S Crock, R W Surrey

Lieut F Stanley, R F A
Lieut and Mrs A H Watts, Indian Army
Lieut L D Vernon, R F A
Lieut E L Bond, R G A
Lieut I Thurston, R F A
Lieut V A Cosker, Indian Army
Lieut A E Saner, Bedford Regt
Lieut A E W Ward, Norfolks
Lieut F J Pearcch, Durham L I
Lieut R Longstaff, R F A
Lieut and Q Mr and Mrs H Pellinger, 4th D
Lieut C S Nairne, Seaforth Highlanders
Lieut H S Sewell, 4th D Guards
Hon Lieut J O'Neill, and 2 children P W Dept
Lieut W M Reynon-Pigott, Suffolk Regt
Lieut J Gill, I M S
Lieut G R S Logan-Home, K O S Borderers
Lieut and Mrs McNeill, Northamp
2nd Lieut F G Swayne, East Yorkshire
2nd Lieut H E Gurney, 4th Dragoon Gds
2nd Lieut C E L Johnson, R E
2nd Lieut V de Hoghton, Lincoln Regt
Kenneth Vincent, R I M
Nursing Sister Widman, I A N Service
Miss Cane daughter of Captain Craig, S and T Corps
Wife of Captain Ravenshaw, Bengal
Widow of Lieut Shewell and child, I S Corps
Wife of Captain Preston Indian Army
Wife of Capt Shewell and 2 children, Indian Army
Wife of Lieut Taylor and child, Indian Army

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PRESENTATION TO MISSIONARY AT ALIBAG.

FAREWELL ENTERTAINMENT TO THE REV. W. E. BROWN.

An Alibag correspondent writes:—A crowded meeting of students and teachers of the local High School, Government officers and influential members of the Alibag community was held on Monday night, in the hall of the John Elphinston High School Alibag, to do honour to the Rev. W. E. Wilkie Brown, M.A., Superintendent of the School, who is going home on leave. Dr. D. G. Subnis, the Civil Surgeon, presided. The High School building was brilliantly illuminated and its front was fancifully decorated. Among the gentlemen present were Rao Bahadur Bengirl, the District Deputy Collector; Rao Bahadur Chitnis, the Huzoor Deputy Collector; Khan Bahadur Sayarawalla, the District Forest Officer; Rao Saheb R. K. Alekar, the Deputy Educational Inspector; Rao Saheb Bhaskar; Rao Saheb B. R. Paranjpe, the Mamletdar; Rao Saheb Wagle, the Munsiff, and Mr. Govind Babu Gurjar.

The chairman in opening the proceedings

PLEAS AND PLAGUE.

The following is the conclusion of the paper read by Captain W. Glen Liston, M.D., I.M.S., before the Bombay Medical and Physical Society, and published in the Journal of the Society :—

Let us now examine what bacteriological evidence we possess to show that Plague-infected anything can be directly associated with Plague infection. Here, again as we saw in the case of soil, a host of workers have attempted to isolate the Plague bacillus from artificially or naturally contaminated articles. The negative result of all these experiments has been to show that the Plague bacillus very rapidly disappears from infected clothing.

I wish now to pass on to consider the most common circumstances in which Plague appears to break out among rats, and possibly through these animals among men.

Dr. Blackmore, in a recent and able article published in the Lancet, traced the infection of Port Elizabeth by Plague in 1901 to some stacks of maize which appear to have been the medium by which this disease was, in the first instance, communicated to rats. "I believe that it is the common experience of all that grain is pre-eminently associated with Plague infection among rats. I secondly put to the opinion of some experienced observers. Mr. Giles, speaking from his experience of Plague in Somaliland, said to the Plague Commission that "there is one thing in the retail grain shops, the nature of which I cannot explain, but for a moment say that the rats affected by the disease, but the Banians' shops where the grain is sold and the flour mills are dangerous places. That infection is spread by these grain sellers, I think there is no doubt at all. It keeps on re-infecting amongst them."

Colonel McCleverty stated to the Commission that "the petty dealer purchases his stores in bulk from large grain-owners or shops, and with them infects his own dwelling and the rats therein. The rats in the neighbouring houses frequent his shop for food, and also become infected and spread the germs. Thus there is a spread of the epidemic by a material brought from infected quarters. What his material is I cannot suggest."

What bacteriological evidence is there that grain or gunny bags, after contamination with Plague bacilli, retain their infection for any length of time? Experiments carried on by myself and others in this connection showed, as in the case of soil and clothing, that after a few days it is impossible to recover the Plague bacillus from grain or gunny bags artificially infected with cultures of this germ.

Moreover, Dr. Gibson's experiments already quoted show that even although grain is grossly contaminated with virulent cultures of Plague bacilli, rats may live amongst this grain, eat it, and thrive upon it.

In the preceding remarks I have endeavoured to show :—

(1) That infected vermin-infested houses, clothing and grain are the chief media through which infection is carried to man and rat.

(2) That the bacteriological evidence is uniform in insinuating that Plague germs, naturally or artificially placed on soil, clothing, or grain, rapidly disappear, or at least cannot be recovered from these substances even a few days after infection.

(3) That rats can live and thrive upon grain grossly contaminated with virulent cultures of Plague germs.

How can we reconcile these apparent conflicting conditions? How can it be possible that man, living in certain houses which have become infected with Plague, is eminently susceptible to this disease, although bacteriological evidence goes to show that Plague germs introduced upon soil rapidly disappear?

How can it be possible that the clothing of plague-infected people is eminently infective, while still it is impossible to recover the Plague germ from contaminated clothing?

How can it be possible that rats become readily infected from contaminated grain in one case, although artificial experiments show that not only is it impossible to recover the Plague germ even a few days after it has been placed on grain but that rats may eat, live among, and thrive upon artificially infected grain?

The only explanation possible is that in the experimental work there has been something wanting, that there is a missing link in the chain of evidence.

Dr. Simond was the first to suggest what this might be, and his analysis of the evidence led him to believe that the flea is this missing link, that through this insect Plague might be communicated not only from man to man and rat to rat but from rat to man and man to rat.

It is worthy of note that the Indian Plague Commission, as I have already quoted, aptly likened the local infectivity of Plague to that of Yellow Fever. A disease which has recently been shown to be communicated from man to man through the agency of another blood-sucking insect, a mosquito of the genus Stegomia.

It will now be my task to endeavour to show what reasons there are for surmising, for no absolute proof is yet forthcoming, that the flea has a great deal to do with the spread of Plague.

Simond's arguments in this connection are summarised by the Plague Commission as follows :—

(1) Plague rats are eminently infective when infected with fleas, and they cease to be infective when they have been deserted by their parasites.

(2) Living Plague bacilli are found in association with fleas, which are taken from plague-infected rats.

(3) Plague can pass from infected rats to other animals which have not come directly in contact with them or with their infected excretions.

(4) Fleas which infest rats will transfer themselves as parasites to men.

The Plague Commission consider that the arguments in favor of the above propositions brought forward by Simond are not conclusive. With regard to the first proposition there can be little doubt that the handling of rats under certain circumstances is attended with the greatest danger, while at other times rats dead from Plague may be handled with impunity.

Simond cites the case of a mill in Bombay where of 20 coolies employed to remove rats recently dead of Plague, 10 developed the disease; while others who did not handle the rats did not suffer from the disease, although they worked within the mill.

Surgeon-General McConaghy, then Civil Surgeon at Karachi, recorded the case of a young apprentice who played with a rat recently dead of Plague, and who, three days later, developed Plague, although there was no Plague in the neighbourhood of his house. Major Dimmock related the case of a Goanese servant who removed and burned a rat recently dead of Plague, and who four days later developed the disease. Whilst the cases striking instances in which Plague appears to have resulted from handling rats recently dead of Plague, there are equally striking and more frequent instances in which the handling of rats dead of Plague have not been followed by dire results.

These arguments, then, are not conclusive, nor are they much assisted by Simond's experiment of placing seven rats beside a rat that had been some time dead of Plague, and in which case Plague did not develop in any of the seven rats.

Simond's second proposition is based on a single experiment. He injected hypodermically an emulsion made with fleas recently removed from a plague-infected rat into three mice. All the mice died, but only in a single case was the Plague bacillus recovered from the dead mice. Such an experiment is by no means conclusive. It may be added, however, that a more recent experiment of a similar nature made by Dr. Tidswell in Sydney, in which an emulsion of infected fleas was inoculated into a guinea-pig, resulted in the death of the guinea-pig from Plague, this experiment so far confirming Simond's experiment.

Simond's third proposition that Plague can pass from infected rats to other animals which have not come directly in contact with them or with their infected excretions is based very much on evidence. Dr. Tidswell has in this case been unable to confirm Simond's experiments, to confirm Simond's results.

Simond's fourth proposition that fleas which infest rats will transfer themselves as parasites to men is not supported by any experimental data. Are there any other data which favour the idea that the flea may be the intermediary between infected and uninfected organisms?

We have seen that the common mode of entrance of the Plague germ into the animal organism is through the skin; it is natural, therefore, to suppose that the germ may possibly be introduced by some insect which pierces the skin. Moreover, the presence of phlyctenules in certain cases on parts from which the bacillus has frequently been attested by flies favours the idea that infection may result from the vomit of active insects rather than from other injuries. If cuts and abrasions were the chief source of infection, phlyctenules would be commonly found on the soles of the feet of those who go about bare footed but this is not the case; phlyctenules in this situation being extremely rare while they are most common just in the situation which are most subject to attack by flies. Moreover, we have seen that the great means of infection are dirty, dark, overcrowded houses, clothing and grain. It is just in these surroundings that fleas they are found; fleas are par-excellence para-sites on man, during a Plague visitation. They can live in dirty houses on clothing and in grain for long periods without visiting man or other animal.

There is a considerable amount of evidence to show that horses and clothing can be indirectly infective through the medium of a healthy uninfected individual. This healthy individual carries from these media some thing (probably infective flea) to another individual who is free from the disease. I shall content myself with quoting two cases which bear out this fact from the Glasgow epidemic of 1900. M. McL., a child aged 18 months, sickened of Plague on 20th August. The only possible source of infection in this case was through a girl who nursed this child. The nurse herself remained healthy, but she had contended the Rose Street "wake" which gave rise to five primary and five secondary cases of Plague.

The other case is that of Mrs. R. the wife of a municipal servant. The husband was employed in collecting together the clothing in infected houses preparatory to its despatch for disinfection by steam or otherwise. His house was far distant from the original Locus of infection. The husband appears to have carried the infection through some thing (probably infected fleas) which was conveyed from the infected houses to his wife, while he himself remained quite healthy. I may remark that he had previously received a protective dose of Yersin's serum.

The seasonal prevalence of Plague can, to a very much less easily accounted for by the greater prevalence of some intermediary host of the Plague bacillus, after the same manner as the prevalence of Malaria is associated with the prevalence of certain species of Anopheles. I have been informed by several people, chiefly natives, that the plague season in corresponds with the maximum prevalence of fleas. This is undoubtedly the case for rat fleas, for they are most numerous at the rat breeding season, which is at present in full swing. Rat fleas are most numerous upon sick rats most readily obtained from young rats at this season, the Plague season in Bombay.

It has always been found difficult to explain why certain epidemics of Plague among rats have not been followed by epidemics among men and vice versa. It is curious how little mention is made of death among rats in European records of Plague in ancient times. An explanation of these facts may, perhaps, be found in a study of the habits of human and rat fleas.

I began a study of these insects three years ago, but my work was interrupted by my journey to England. At home, I had the opportunity, however, of interviewing the Hon. Charles Hood, the great British authority on the Siphonaptera. My description of the common rat flea of India led him to believe that it was probably similar to Pulex pallidus, a comparatively recently discovered species which had been found in South Africa and Australia, but which has not been found at home. He has promised to give me a more definite opinion on this point after he has more carefully examined some fresh material which I have sent home to him. I may say that this common rat flea of India is, at first sight, very like the human flea. I have examined some fifty specimens of fleas caught on rats in Sandhurst and I have so far found only this one species (Pulex pallidus) on the rat (mus rattus) and bandicoot (mus decumanus of India.) A close examination, however, of Pulex pallidus and Pulex irritans reveals certain differences, the most obvious of which is best seen in the shape and size of the claws on the leg. As you will see from the specimens I have placed under the microscope, and from the drawings Dr. Hutchinson made for me, the claws in the human species, Pulex irritans are very large and curved like a scythe in shape, while the claws of the rat species, Pulex pallidus, are comparatively small and rather like a sickle than a scythe in shape. But perhaps the most marked differences are to be found in the genital apparatus of the male insect, especially in the shape of what Rothschild has called the moveable finger and in the relative size of the ectopodial bristles. These latter are large and well-developed in both sexes in the case of Pulex pallidus, the rat flea of India, and relatively small in the case of Pulex irritans.

I have placed under other microscopes male and female specimens of Pulex canis (Curtis) and Pulex felis (Bouche) the common dog and cat flea to show you how different these fleas are from the human and rat flea of India. I may say that the comm on flea (ceratophyllus fasciatus) found on the brown rat (mus decumanus) is almost as different from the human flea as the dog flea differs from this latter. I am sorry I have not a specimen of this flea to show you under the microscope.

I believe that this close resemblance between Pulex pallidus and Pulex irritans and the absence of Pulex pallidus from many European countries may account for the frequent association together of plague epidemics in rats and man in India, South Africa, and Australia, and the comparative rarity of this association in European countries where Pulex pallidus is not found, but is supplanted by ceratophyllus fasciatus, a flea structurally quite different from the human flea, and likely therefore to differ from this latter in its habits.

In this connection I might instance the recent experience of Glasgow. Although during the epidemic of Plague already referred to in August and September 1900, this disease appeared among men, yet the most careful search for dead rats and a careful examination of more than 200 live rats which were caught in the infected locality revealed no trace of the disease in any of them. Later, however, in 1901 and 1902 plague infected rats were found in different parts of the town in considerable numbers, yet Plague did not break out among men in epidemic form. The common rat flea in Glasgow is one quite different from the human flea; this flea may not therefore resemble Pulex irritans in its habits, and possibly does not bite or infest man.

It is very obvious that although there are some facts which would appear to implicate the flea in the spread of Plague, yet there is no absolute proof that Plague is carried either from man to man, rat to rat, man to rat, or rat to man by means of these insects. Many experiments must yet be performed before any definite statement can be made that fleas especially, Pulex pallidus and Pulex irritans play any part in the spread of Plague. With a view to carrying out some of these necessary experiments, I would ask you to assist me in obtaining fleas, especially those caught on human beings. I shall, by an examination of these fleas, be able to ascertain if Pulex pallidus is ever found on man. So far, I have been able to examine twenty-eight specimens of fleas caught on man; with one exception, viz., a specimen of Pulex canis, the casts the flea have all been Pulex irritans.

I hope I may be able at a later date to communicate to you the results of other experiments I am at present carrying on regarding the power of fleas to transmit Plague.

FLORENCE OF THE MEDICIS.

(Concluded from page 4.)

Having stayed at Brussels at the Court of Charles V. for two years, Alexander had his training under Gattinda and Granvela, his crafty Ministers. He understood the art of simulation and of dissimulation to such a nicety that it was difficult to say—when not carried away by passion—wherein he excelled most. Among other things he had learnt that in a new Government friends were at times more dangerous than enemies, because the fears of these being exaggerated, and the hopes of those knowing no bounds, it was often easier not to displease than to please. And experience confirmed this maxim of his. The first thing he turned his attention to when he came to lord it over Florence was to get rid of Fra Niccolo, Archbishop of Capua, on one pretext or another. To do this, he made it known that he would not listen, to anybody's advice. He wanted to show his independence to administer strict justice display great magnificence, and to increase the well-being of his subjects. The Senate of 48 citizens and the Council of 200 were all a fuss. On the morning of the fourth day after his arrival he had it proclaimed by sound of trumpet not only in this city, but in the surrounding towns, and villages too, that the Duke would personally listen to the grievances of people and give public audience for the purpose. To put himself and the noble families at their ease, he invited them to a State ball and banquet. The news of this sudden change in the order of things caused great astonishment, and gave rise to observations and comments in a city in which the facility of speaking keeps pace with the velocity of pronunciation. With the arrival of the Duke there came letters from Filippo Strozzi, from Rome to his family, not only recommending them but ordering them to show Alexander the respect and devotion which his rank demanded. Peter Strozzi understood the Duke better than his father, and was resolved to pay him in his own coin. Having called one morning he was asked to breakfast by the Duke. Then as he arrived the Hungarian guard requested him on the part of his master to amuse himself by being present at the audience. This was to let the Florentine youths know through Peter, who was their head, that the diversions and pleasures the Duke thought of giving himself up to did not prevent his devoting himself to the duties and cares of State.

THE PRINCE, BY MACHIAVELLI,

saw in print the light of day just when Filippo had declared himself in Rome the first subject of Duke Alexander. There were already several manuscript copies of it, and though the author had dedicated it to the young Lorenzo de Medici, the famous publisher of Rome, Blado, de dicated this to Filippo Strozzi, who though not a Prince with a principality could style himself so. It was a politic move.

PESTONJI DORABJI KHANDALEWALA.

SECOND CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

THE HON. Mr. Justice Russell presided at the Second Criminal Sessions of the High Court, which commenced yesterday morning.

CULPABLE HOMICIDE NOT AMOUNTING TO MURDER.

Khima Ookirda was placed at the bar on a charge of culpable homicide not amounting to murder. The Hon. Mr. Scott, Advocate General, appeared for the Crown, and asked that a "nolle prosequi" be entered in the case. His lordship allowed this to be done; and the accused was discharged.

NO COMPLAINANT.

Luxmon Mahadu was charged with the theft of Rs. 5-4-9, the property of one Sayid Lalmahomed. Neither the complainant nor his witnesses appeared in Court, and his lordship directed the jury to return in verdict of not guilty under the circumstances. The jury did so; and the accused was discharged.

THEFT IN A TODDY-SHOP.

Raghunath Yeshwant was charged with the theft of a cup and Rs. 1-14-0 in cash, the property of Govind Khema. The accused was a frequent visitor to the complainant's toddy-shop at Grant Road, and during the temporary absence of the complainant from the shop, he went in and stole a cup and a bundee containing the money. The police arrested the accused with the cup and the bundee on his person. The defence suggested by the accused was that the complainant lent the articles to him. On the jury returning a unanimous verdict of guilty, his lordship sentenced the prisoner, an old offender to five years' rigorous imprisonment.

LYING DRUNK IN AN OTA.

Vishnu Sittram, alias Kashinath Gopal, was charged with theft of a silver watch and Rs. 2-1-0 in cash from the jacket pocket of Abdul Rahiman Dada, while he was sleeping on an 'ota' of a house in Abdul Rahiman Street. The complainant, a commission agent residing in Memonwada, said that, on the night of the 24th February last he was drunk and sleeping on an ota of a house. He had a white jacket on his persons in the pocket of which he had a silver watch and Rs. 2-1-0 in cash. The police awoke him up, when found that his jacket was open and the watch and money were gone. A policeman arrested the accused as he was going along the road, and the watch and money were found with him, regarding which, however, he could give no satisfactory explanation. The jury unanimously found the prisoner guilty, and as there were several previous convictions against him, she was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for seven years, with to report his future residence to the police for a term of three years.

TRYING TO ROB A WATERMAN,

Laxmon Ram, Krishna Laxmon, and Dwarka Ramchurn were charged with having committed housebreaking at night at Tardeo, on the 3rd March last, in the room of one Sawharak Tookey. The complainant was in the employ of a Khoja merchant carrying on business at Adarakhin and Co, and on the evening of the 3rd March last, after locking his room, he went to do night duty at his master's premises. At a late hour that night, the police found the three accused breaking open the complainant's room. Nos. 2 and 3 were found hiding themselves in a loft in the room and were arrested. Nos. 1 and 2, who were old offenders, were, on conviction by the jury, sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for five and seven years respectively, while No. 3 was sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

There being no other case for trial, the Sessions were formally dissolved.

SPECIALITY FOR THE SKIN.—Purest, most emollient, and most hygienic of all Soaps. The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial lustury for the toilet, bath, and nursery; and saves the skin in a pre-eminent degree, and healthy condition, absolutely pure. A boon to sensitive skins. Indispensable for children. Creamy lather. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.

HERE, THERE, AND EVERYWHERE.

FIGURES have been published showing the profit which the Convent of the Grande Chatreuse has latterly been making in its liqueur business. The average quantity of pure alcohol purchased annually is 382,000 quarts. This, it is computed, accounts for 1,275,349 quarts of liqueur. The cost of production is about 2fr. a quart, and the average wholesale price is 5fr. 40c. a quart. The annual profit can easily be worked out by the curious. The report from which these statistics are taken adds that when, a few years ago, the business was for purposes of convenience, assigned to an individual friar, the purchase money, on which duty had to be paid, amounted to 4,449,000fr and it took a day and a half to count out the notes and coins in the presence of a notary. The workpeople employed by the Grande Chartreuse are only paid seventeen shillings a week.

The Bishop of Manchester made a sad confession the other day. He preached some time ago at Dunham Massey, a suburb of Manchester, on behalf of a diocesan fund which bears his name. The congregation was one of comparatively rich people, and the offertory amounted to £46. The Bishop, apparently, was not greatly elated overt he result. "Why," he said, referring to it the other day when I was vicar of Paddington and preached for the Hospital Sunday, the offertory was £400 instead of £40. Forthwith the Bishop, in colloquial language, pitched into the congregations of his present diocese on the subject of supporting offertories. The average Manchester man, it seems, listens to the Bishop and then puts a penny in the plate. Well may the Bishop exclaim with St. Paul," Alexander the coppersmith did me much evil.

The working-man in the Colonies, whose example Dr. Moorhouse commends, never gives to the offertory less than a threepenny piece. His Manchester equal, and many people who are really well to do, give only a penny. Where is the self-sacrifice of the offering? Dr. Moorhouse asked the other day. What sensation of loss is there in giving on penny? The penny is only given in many cases for appearance sake—to avoid see ming not to give at all. This species of bluff the Bishop of Manchester strongly disapproves. Dr. Moorhouse dislikes Bluff—at least in regard to things that are not political.

The old lady who at a lecture on the Greek philosophers sniffed out Socrates, Socrates? I think I've heard my mother speak of him, had her rival in innocence at Coventry Licensing Sessions in the person of a brewer's agent, who gave evidence to show that a house the licence of which was objected to had been a well-conducted place since the conviction of a tenant. Yes, the Chief Constable put it to the witness, it was likely to be well conducted with the sword of Damocles hanging over it. The agent gave no answer to this inquiry, but when his own solicitor had a cut in at the classics and inquired You did not see the sword of Damocles hanging about the house? the witness was ready to oblige. No, he said quite seriously. I did not know Damocles at all.

The fourth edition of the Universal Catalogue of the Postage Stamps of the World, just issued by Whitfield, King and Co., of Ipswich, supplies some interesting stamp statistics. The total number of all known varieties of postage stamps issued by all the Governments of the world up to the present time is 17,385; of this number, 194 have been issued in Great Britain, and 4,753 in the various British colonies and protectorates, leaving 12,430 for the rest of the world. Dividing the totals amongst the Continents, Europe issued 3,917. Asia 3,120. Africa 3,343, America including the West Indies, 5,625, and Oceania 1,378.

A comparison of these figures with those published in November 1901 will show that 1,301 new varieties of stamps have been issued throughout the world in the space of sixteen month. The issue, throughout the British Empire, of new stamps bearing the portrait of King Edward is largely responsible for this increase. The Republic of Salvador has issued more varieties of postage stamps than any other country, the number being 404. Boyaca, Poland, and Wadhwan have each found a specimen suffice for their postal needs.

Dr. John Massie, Vice-Principal of Mansfield College, Oxford, who is taking a prominent part in the Free Church Council meetings at Brighton this week is one of the few Englishmen who are at the same time laymen and Doctors of Divinity. He received his Doctor's degree two years ago from Yale University. It is said that the University had never before created an unordained person E.D. Dr. Massie, who is Cambridge graduate and an Oxford M.A. by incorporation, has for a long time been associated with Mansfield College.

A sensational incident marked the late Dr. Bradley's term as Master of University College, Oxford. By a too persistent interference with the unwritten privileges of the men the Senior Proctor had made himself unpopular. The result was that one night, when returning to his lodgings, he found himself "screwed" in the 'Varsity sense—the doors, windows and shutters of his rooms being screwed up. Dean Bradley was righteously indigdant, and next morning summoned the college to the hall, declaring that unless the delinquents' names were given up he would send the whole college down. The rioters were not betrayed, and whole college went down. To this day cartoons may be bought in Oxford depicting an endless line of cabs standing in the 'High,' while Dr. Bradley and the bishop of Dons cluster in the background speeding the parting undergrads.

Lord Cheylesmore, who is taking Hughenden over for a term from Mr. Coningsby Disraeli, was one who profited indirectly over the trouble in the Grenadier Guards a dozen years ago. It will be remembered that the then colonel of the 2nd Battalion retired, and the battalion was placed under the command of Col. Herbert Eaton (as Lord Cheylesmore then was) and sent to Bermuda as punishment. The "ver'd Barmoothes" have long provided a favorite holiday resort for our American cousins, and it was there that the handsome colonel of the distressed "G.G.'s" met the lady whom he married in New York on his way home, and who will now share Lord Beneonsfield's old home with him.

In the person of Mr. J. E. King, of Manchester, another laymon has been chosen for the Headmastership of Bedford Grammar School. Manchester School over which Mr. King has presided for eight years, is one of the largest in England, and he is there-fore, in one respect, specially qualified to take charge of a school of 900 boys such as Bedford. Bedford School is equally famous for its scholars and its athletes, and its last Head, Mr. J. S. Philpotts, enjoyed the advantage, which Mr. King is unable to claim, of having been a University Blue.

The Alpine Journal draws attention to an accessible resort at which the sport of ski-ing can be enjoyed until the middle of April, and possibly even until the beging of May. This is Feldberg, near Freiburg in the Black Forest, where is a recommmendable fun, with the modest charges usual in the Black Forest, at an altitude of about 5,000ft. It may be worth while to mention that Feldbers is only thirty-six hours from London by the Flushing route, and that the return fare is about five pounds. There is mor snows than enough until the beginning of May, say Mr. W. R. Rickmers, who communicates the information, and plenty of rock-climbing can also be had.

Much curious and interesting watch lore will be found in a little book, Time and Time-Tellers, By J. W. Benson, a second edition of which just been issued by the author's from Ludgate-hill. Among other things, things we are told about the watch of John Milton. This watch was made by William Bunting of London in 1631. It was presented to Milton in the sama year which was the date of hi, leavind Cambride From that time down to the early part of the last century there there is on record of the watch or its successors, but in 1819 it was bequeathed by the last surviving member of an old family in Baltimore, U.S., to some ladies residing near London. It was thought of little value and lay in a drawer till 1828, when it was presented to Sir Charles Feles Fdllowes, Sir Charles died in 1860 and bequoathed the watch to the nation, and it is now in the British Museu m

THE WEATHER.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

SIMLA, APRIL 2.

Thursday.—The depression in north-east India has nearly filled up, but a low pressure area is still, shown in north Bengal. Pressure is high and in moderate to considerable excess north-west India, where fine clear dry weather prevails with temperature still very largely below the normal. Rain has been received in Assam and light showers at Jessore and Salem. Cheerapoonjee has received 4½ inches Silchar, two and Salsagar one inch. Some low depressions are shown in north Madras coast and the east Deccan, but they are not of much importance. Conditions are more settled in Assam to-day. The highest maximum temperature recorded yesterday was 108 degrees at Cuddapah.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON THURSDAY, THE 2ND APRIL.

SUMMARY.

Pressure changes show a brisk to rapid rise in Sind the Punjab and Rajputana and at Agra, Cawnpore Allahabad, Masulipatam, Cuddapah, Madras, Coimbatore and Negapatam, a brisk fall at Poona, Ahmednagar and Aurungabad, and a slight rise or fall elsewhere.

Winds are north easterly or south-wesserly at most of the reporting stations and the force has been fresh in Gujarat and along the West Coast.

Temperature is unusually low in all districts except at some stations in the Madras Presidency. The maximum ranged from 110° at Madras to 78° at Dwarka and the minimum from 47° at Lahore to 18° at Negapatam.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is partially clondy at Nagpur, Bajpur and Masuliyatam. Humidity changes are irregular and important. Rain in light showers fell at Colombo.

Weather is unusally cook for this time of the year over nearly the whole country.

E. A. KENYON,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

GOUT

The symptoms constitute clear evidence that uric acid is being retaind in the body instead of being eliminated from it. These symptoms all point to accumulations of uric acid being formed, which will cause pain, suffering, and even agonising torment in the future. We give them in detail below :—

Acidity, Heartburn or Flatulence after meals.

Sluggish Liver, accompanied by dull pain in the right side.

Irritation between the fingers, in the palms, or about the ankle; a feeling of burning on the skin, often without redness.

Small concretions on the outer rim of the ear, and lumps undr the iskinon arms, breast, and legs.

Stiffness and pain in the joints and muscles.

These symptoms point direct to the use of Bishop's Varalettes, and ndicate the need for commencing at once. Nothing can be gained by delay, but a great deal of avoidable suffering may have to be endured as a result of procrastination.

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BISHOP'S VARALETTES

IN URIC ACID TROUBLES.

Ever since Bishop's Varalettes have been offered to the public, they have been proving their transcendent virtues. When such statements as the following, occur in letter after letter, it must be clear that Bishop's Varalettes do what we say they do. Such extracts as these frequently appear in the letters we receive : "Now he is better than he has been for twenty years, and all this Change has been brought about by Bishop's Varalettes." "I am a new man since I took Bishop's Varalettes, being able to sleep at night, where formerly I was awake for hours with pains in my shoulders and hips." "Bishop's Varalettes are really a boon, and I recommend them to everyone." "During the past year I have on several occasions warded off an attack of Gout by taking Bishop's Varalettes as soon as the well-known symptoms appeared." "From the day I took Bishop's Varalettes to this I have never suffered the slightest pain, had a suspicion of gravel, or anything else." The conclusion to be drawn from these extracts is simply irresistible, and points you to the way in which you may regain your health and comfort.

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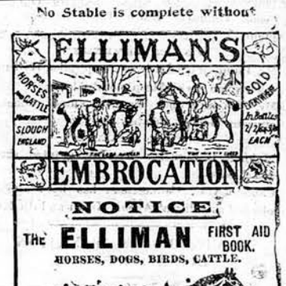

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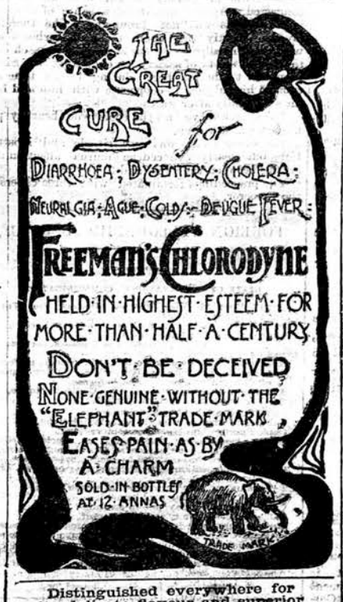

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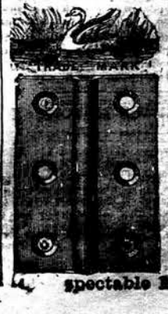

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M. A. P. IN THE GREEN ROOM

They are Whitewashing Julia at the Garrick, but it will probably be many months before they have "papered" the house. The fact is, Mr. Henry Arthur Jones's extraordinary experiment of spreading three full grown acts of dialogue over a suspected indiscretion has proved a complete success. As in his St. James's comedy, "The Triumph of the Philistines," the author whispers his indifinite scandal along the country lanes, and in the grounds, drawing rooms and morning rooms of country residences. But the whispering in the new Garrick comedy is so Mysterious and so low, so disjointed, and leaves so much to the imagination, that one experiences when the play is over a feeling of having lent valuable assistance to Mr. Henry Arthur Jones in putting the finishing touches to his story.

Julia Wren is an attractive widow who has at some time or other, according to the afternoon-tea talk of Shanctonbury dowagers, compromised herself with a foreign duke. We do not hear much of the Duke himself, because he was so very foreign as to die of German measles soon after the scandal started on its rounds; but of the finding, suspicious circumstances, of a puff-box belonging to the widow we hear no end. The subject of its discovery is discussed, first of all, in the "Refreshment Tent in the Grounds of the Bishop's Palace at Shanctonbury on the day of the Annual Bazaar and Fete in Aid of the Fund for Curates," a function at which Julia has had the audacity to show herself, and from this moment the play is as full of puff box as the show-case of a West-end coiffeur.

To the utter consternation of his high-born relatives and the select of Shanctonbury, Mr. William Stilling-fleet, an easygoing "man of forty" and of the world, makes an offer of marriage to Julia. Stillingfleet's prudish nephew, the Hon. Bevis Pinkney (most admirably played by Mr. Kenneth Dougl-s) preaches loudly and emphatically against the proposed alliance; but Bevis has himself tripped, and St Ilingfleet, holding the evidence of the tripping, forces him to receive the widow into the family as his (St Ilingfleet.s) future wife. To cut a short story shorter, the engagement is countenanced all round, because Levis has said it shall be, and Bevis (his secret unknown to all but Stillingfleet and the family lawyer) is a moral pillar of Shanctonbury society; and we never know whether the suspicions against Julia's character are justified or not, for her written explanation of the little matter of the puff-box is thrown unread into the fire by her chivalrous lover. But Julia, as we see her, is such a sweet woman that as the curtain is being prepared for its final fall we eagerly elaborate the suggestion, made when Julia declares that the initials on a certain incriminating dressing-case were not her own, that the future Mrs. Stillingfleet has all the while been hiding the indiscretion of another lady, one who is not strong enough, as Julia is, to take care of herself in the subsequent tussle with the social laws.

Miss Violet Vanbrugh's Julia is a most delightful performance, and Mr. Arthur Bourchier is at his best in the part of Stillingfleet. In the refreshment tent of the bazar, where the Widow and the man of the world meet for the first time, Mr. and Mrs. Bourchier together contribute to the evening's entertainment a perfect gem of comedy acting. And "Whitewashing Julia" is helped to success by another element besides that of the acting. The shower of rain that patters on the refreshment tent in the first act is one of the most realistic weather effects ever attempted on the stage. It is an exact imitation of the leaden, threatening patter that June skies always have in readiness for the tents and the lawns, and the dainty summer freeks of "al fresco" bazaars, and the man whose idea it is deserves to have his name writ large on the Garrick programmes. At present it is not even writ small thereon. The lawns of the Bishop's grounds are not visible to the audience, but so strong an air of realism is imputed to the proceedings by this wonderful shower of rain, that when it is over, and the sun bursts into the opening of the tent again, the mind's eye of the spectator can almost see the little black cuts and slashes made in the sodden grass by the slipping, hurrying high heels of ladies in the eager search of shelter.

It is not within my province, or in accord with the tone of M. A. P., clearly described on its first page as a weekly of pleasant gossip, to offer an opinion on the manners of the "Times"—or rather of the "Times" dramatic critic—towards Mr. Henry Arthur Jones and all his works (excepting Whitewashing Julia); but since Mr. Arthur Bourchier has favoured me with certain correspondence which explains the reason why both he and Mr. Jones did not desire the pleasure of the "Times" dramatic critic's company on the first night of the new play at the Garrick, I feel it would be discourteous in me not to print some sort of acknowledgment of Mr. Bourchier's communication. I hope, then, that where M. A. P. is concerned, sufficient satisfaction will be given if I simply let my acknowledgment take the form of a sincerely expressed wish that a popular newspaper, a popular dramatic critic (as Mr. Walkley really is), a popular actor manager and a popular dramatist will forthwith take four nice, smooth brushes and white wash each other until not a single red patch of anger is let to disfigure any single one of their amiable countenances. With this eminently practical suggestion I politely back out of the matter with my best bow,

Mr. Carton's dainty and amusing piece continues to fill the Criterion nightly with enthusiastically appreciative audiences, and it is a high tribute to the quality of the play and the players, that many old and seasoned theatregoers have looked upon "A Clean Slate" for a third time.

I have myself seen a Clean Slate twice, and I could sit before it still again for the pleasure of inspecting the interesting figures Mr. Carton draws with such finesse in the course of the evening. One character that of Hebble, the slow moving and slow-talking farm servant, is specially interesting, because it is not only admirably drawn by the author, but excellently acted by Mr. Frederick Volpe. Who can resist lying back to laughter when the chuckle-headed yokel, laboriously explaining to his irritable master, Farmer Tullidge, the recent requirements of two London visitors (male, to the farm, slowly deals out the words with round-eyed innocence, "One wanted a whisky, and a Polly somebody, but I told him here wasn't any whisky, and that the girl's name was Tabitha?"

The achievements of English actors in America are spoken of more in the purely theatrical than in the general newspapers, and so it will doubtless be learned with surprise by many of my readers that Mr. Frederick Volpe, so successful at the Criterion in the simulation of genuine innocence, is famous in New York for his performance of Peckaniff, which he played to Mr. Willard's Tom Pinch in the Dickens play of that name. The dramatic critic of the "New York Evening Post" is not noted for his leniency towards dramatic art and its exponents, and this is how he speaks of Mr. Volp's Pecksniff: Of the supporting cast the most notable was Mr. Frederick Volpe, whose Pecksniff was admirable, quite plausible in its shallow pomposity, its orotund utterance of hypocritical platitude, its suggestion of meanness and malice beneath the habitual manner of exaggerated suavity, and its subtle alternations between bully and sycophant. Look at the Hebble of A Clean Slate, and imagine (if you can) his being all that!

Was there ever a time in your life, Mr. Collette once asked a gushing young lady of the popular comedian, in tones of the tenderest sentiment, when all the world appeared to you a dreary waste—when your heart sank as lead within you—when all the sweet springs of your life seem turned to bitterness, when all light was dark and all friends false, and death seemed the greatest boon the gods could offer? The actor took a mental but unsentimental journey back into the realms of his past life, and after seriously searching there for a moment for one of the clouds of his early existence, replied gloomily, Indeed there was, and I can remember it as though it were yesterday. I was only twelve years of age at the time, and I resolved from that moment never to smoke another cigar until I was a man."

Mr. Collette's pride in his linguistic powers received a very blow in Dublin recently. An Italian confectioner, tired of the faint odour of his indigestible comestibles and uncomfortable comfits, was standing at the door of his bacillus warehouse sniffing the less adulterated atmosphere of the street, when he was interrupted in his peaceful interview with fresh air by the sudden failing of an extraordinary noise upon his gold mounted ear of bronze. It was the voice of Mr. Charles Collette giving utterance to the request, "Vi prego di dirmi la via alla stazione ferrovia" (alleged do represent in English "Please tell me the way to the railway station") The swarthy son of Italy, shaking his dusty black head and smiling with two white rows of teeth, replied with much polite reverance, "Pardon signor ree no speakr Inglisha?"

Some months ago, in the studio of a popular artist whose walls were crowded with the work of his friends and colleagues—water colours, haphazard studies, bright little bits—I caught sight of a drawing that attracted and delighted me at the same minute. It was a black and white of a night scene on the Thames; a punt drifting with the stream, and all the glimmering lights and shadows of other boats reflected in the blue of the water. The effect of distance, and the atmosphere of the time and place, were most strongly yet delicately shown. Moved to an exclamation of pleasure and appreciation for some minutes I did not look for the artist's name, but once seen, one was no longer surprised at the fine draughtsmanship and the finished excellence, for the signature was that of William Hatherell,

It calls for great dialectical skill to handle statistics in such a lucid manner as to enable the audience to follow the figures with intelligence and interest. Judging from a recent experience in the Press Gallery Mr. Brodrick has not yet attained the proficiency in this respect which was so remarkable in Mr. Gladstone. Many passages in the earlier portion of his speech, which dealt with official returns and figures were so unintelligible that the reporters, acting on the old maxim of "when in doubt, leave out," decided to omit certain figures which would not add up correctly. A few sessions ago a glaring violation of an elementary rule in arithmetic was committed by Sir Michael Hicks-Beach in one of his Budget speeches, and when his attention was drawn to the matter by the vigilant reporters, Sir Michael wrote them a letter of thanks. Lord Goschen, in one of his Budget speeches, got his notes into a muddle—or a mess—with the result that he confused both the House and the Press Gallery.

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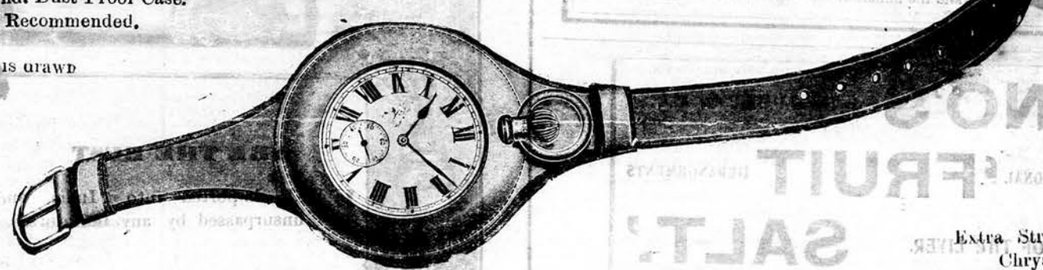

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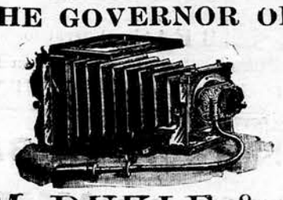

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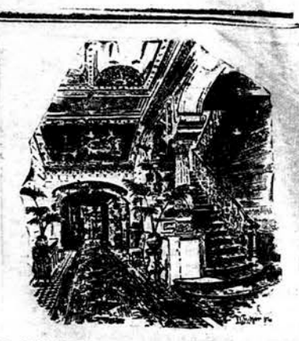

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